Burbank Unified School District Administrative Services REPORT TO THE BOARD

TO: Members of the Board of Education

FROM: Andrew Cantwell, Assistant Superintendent, Administrative Services

PREPARED BY: Terri Ramirez-Adams, Senior Administrative Secretary

SUBMITTED BY: Terri Ramirez-Adams, Senior Administrative Secretary

DATE: January 18, 2024

SUBJECT: Acceptance of the 2022-2023 Annual Fiscal Report and the Financial and

Performance Audits of Proposition 39 General Obligation Bonds Building Fund

Measure S Program

Background:

Annually the District must employ an independent auditing firm to perform an audit of the District's finances in accordance with the audit guide published by the state Department of Finance. The District employs the auditing firm on behalf of the State, and their work product is submitted directly to the Los Angeles County Office of Education to be forwarded to the State at the same time that District staff receive the final copy. Once the State indicates to the District in writing that it has accepted the audit as compliant with its guidelines, the District may release final payment to the audit firm. The annual District audit is to be completed and published by mid-December.

Discussion and Issues:

The firm of CliftonLarsonAllen (CLA) have performed the District's annual audit for the past several years. A principal of that firm will be present at the Board meeting to give the Board and public an overview of the audit and to answer any questions the Board may have.

Additionally, CLA conducted a financial and performance audit of the Proposition 39 General Obligation Bonds Building Fund Measure S program and will present an overview of this audit to the Board.

Fiscal Impact:

None

Recommendation:

Andrew Cantwell, Assistant Superintendent, Administrative Services, recommends that the Board of Education accept the 2022-2023 Annual Financial Report and the Financial and Performance Audits of the Proposition 39 General Obligation Bonds Building Fund Measure S program, as presented.



Board of Education
Burbank Unified School District
Burbank, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Burbank Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2023. We have previously communicated to you information about our responsibilities under auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, *Government Auditing Standards*, and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit in our engagement agreement dated June 14, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant audit findings or issues *Qualitative aspects of accounting practices*

Accounting policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

As described in Note 1, the District changed accounting policies related to reporting of multi-year subscription-based information technology arrangements by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB Statement) No.96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, in FY 2023. Accordingly, the cumulative effect of the accounting change as of the beginning of the year is reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

We noted no transactions entered into by the entity during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- The liabilities and related deferrals associated with other post-employment benefits and pension benefits are based on actuarial analysis of benefits earned.
- The depreciation rate on capital assets is based on management's estimate of the useful lives of those assets.
- Lease receivable and payable include an estimated interest component when agreements do not have a stated interest rate.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Financial statement disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

• The disclosure of post-employment healthcare benefits, as described in Note 13, and the disclosure of employee retirement plans, as described in Note 14, are considered significant because they utilize actuarially-determined data.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties encountered in performing the audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Uncorrected misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. The attached schedule (Attachment A) summarizes uncorrected misstatements of the financial statements. Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Uncorrected misstatements or the matters underlying uncorrected misstatements could potentially cause future-period financial statements to be materially misstated, even if management has concluded that the uncorrected misstatements are immaterial to the financial statements under audit.

Corrected misstatements

Management did not identify and we did not notify them of any financial statement misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures except as reported in the uncorrected misstatements section above.

Disagreements with management

For purposes of this communication, a disagreement with management is a disagreement on financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. No such disagreements arose during our audit.

Circumstances that affect the form and content of the auditors' report

As previously communicated to you, the report was modified to include an emphasis of matter paragraph to highlight the change in accounting principle related to the adoption of the new accounting guidance for leases as follows:

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA). The guidance requires organizations to recognize a right-to-use asset and corresponding liability for SBITAs with subscription terms greater then twelve months. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Management representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 1, 2023.

Management consultations with other independent accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the school's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Significant issues discussed with management prior to engagement

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to engagement as the entity's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our engagement.

Other audit findings or issues

We have communicated an internal control related matter and a state compliance related matter identified during the audit in the findings and questioned costs section of the District's audit report.

Required supplementary information

With respect to the required supplementary information (RSI) accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the RSI, including whether the RSI has been measured and presented in accordance with prescribed guidelines, whether the methods of measurement and preparation have been changed from the prior period and the reasons for any such changes, and whether there were any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the RSI. We compared the RSI for consistency with management's responses to the foregoing inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. Because these limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence, we did not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Supplementary information in relation to the financial statements as a whole

With respect to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) accompanying the financial statements, on which we were engaged to report in relation to the financial statements as a whole, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the SEFA to determine that the SEFA complies with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period or the reasons for such changes, and the SEFA is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the SEFA to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves. We have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2023.

With respect to the supplementary information required by the California Department of Education and the combining non-major fund financial statements (collectively, the supplementary information) accompanying the financial statements, on which we were engaged to report in relation to the financial statements as a whole, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and

methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period or the reasons for such changes, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves. We have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2023.

The History and Organization, Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, and the Schedule of Charter Schools, accompanying the financial statements which is the responsibility of management, was prepared for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we did not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

* * *

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and management of the Burbank Unified School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California December 1, 2023

Attachment A

Burbank Unified School District Uncorrected Misstatements 6/30/2023

Account/Description	Debit	Credit	Balan	ect on Fund ce/Net Position ase)/Decrease
Government-wide Financial Statements and General Fund 1 Federal Revenue Accounts Receivable To reverse over-accrual of FEMA receivable	\$ 460,994	\$ 460,994	\$	460,994
2 Federal and State Revenues Beginning Fund Balance To reverse 21-22 Vital Healthcare FEMA expenditure reimbursement recorded in 22-23 federal and state revenue	450,564	450,564		(450,564)
3 Accounts Receivable Beginning Fund Balance State Revenues To reverse 21-22 Lottery revenue received in 22-23 and accrue difference in lottery receivable and actual fourth quarter payment for 22-23.	237,708	90,937 146,771		(237,708)
4 Unearned Revenue State Revenues Accounts Payable	1,408,095 265,334	1,673,429		(265,334)
To record Home-to-School Transportation entitlement received in 22-23 as revenue and Learning Recovery Emergency Block Grant overpayment as a reduction in revenue.				
		Increase	\$	(492,612)

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOS ANGELES COUNTY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



CPAs | CONSULTANTS | WEALTH ADVISORS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Burbank Unified School District Burbank, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Burbank Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA). The guidance requires recognition of a SBITA asset and corresponding subscription liability. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of budgetary comparison for the general fund, schedule of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the district's contributions, schedule of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of postemployment healthcare benefits employer contributions, and schedule of postemployment healthcare benefits money weighted rate of return on plan assets, and notes to the required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of average daily attendance (ADA), schedule of instructional time, reconciliation of the annual financial and budget report with the audited financial statements, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of average daily attendance (ADA), schedule of instructional time. reconciliation of the annual financial and budget report with the audited financial statements, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The history and organization, schedule of financial trends and analysis, and schedule of charter schools, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California December 1, 2023

INTRODUCTION

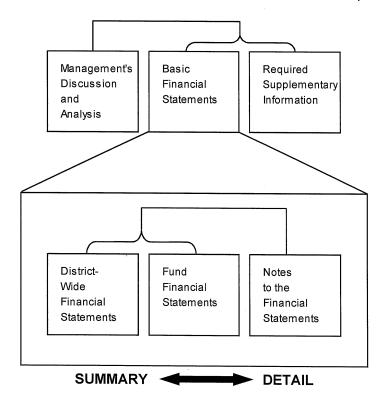
The purpose of this section of the audit report is to allow management to include for the sake of users' additional insights into the operations and trends of the school district in order to make these reports more meaningful. Users should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and the fund financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance during the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts:

- (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section)
 - (2) The basic financial statements
 - (3) The required supplementary information

Organization of the Burbank Unified Annual Financial Report



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District and report the District's operations in more detail.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the financial statements with comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflows minus liabilities and deferred inflows – is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District one should consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the district property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.
- GASB Statement No. 68 requires government entities to report their net pension liability in the
 accrual based financial statements beginning fiscal year 2014-15. This is a change in
 accounting principle designed to improve accounting and financial reporting and create
 additional transparency. The amount each entity is required to contribute is based on the
 difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.
 These studies were performed and provided by PERS and STRS.

Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

In the government-wide financial statements the District's activities are reported as follows:

 Governmental activities—All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and Special Education, Transportation, and Administration. Property Taxes and State Aid combined (local control funding formula) finance most of these activities. Other funds in the District include Child Development and Cafeteria, which are also considered governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. While some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants, the majority of the District's activities are accounted for in the General Fund.

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. It should be noted that a school district of Burbank's size is required to maintain a 3% reserve for economic uncertainties within the ending fund balance of its general fund. This reserve is calculated by multiplying 3% by total expenditures and other outgo of the general fund. However, Burbank Unified School District believes that a 6% reserve for economic uncertainties is more appropriate. The governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, we provide additional information in a reconciliation of the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Enterprise/Internal Service Funds are considered business-type activities
 and are reported under a full accrual method. This is the same basis as business-type activities;
 therefore, no reconciling entries are required. The District has one Internal Service Fund, the
 Retirees Benefits Fund, used to account for payment of current year healthcare costs.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the Retiree Benefits Trust Fund. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - Government-Wide Statements

Table 1
Year-to-Year Comparison of Net Position (Millions)

•	,		Total		
Summary of Statement of Net Position	Government	al Activities	Change		
	2022	2023			
Assets					
Noncapital Assets	\$ 130.8	\$ 171.8	\$ 41.0		
Capital Assets	258.7	250.4	(8.3)		
Total Assets	389.5	422.2	32.7		
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred Loss on Refunding	5.7	4.7	(1.0)		
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	20.2	16.2	(4.0)		
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions	32.8	42.3	9.5		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	58.7	63.2	4.5		
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities	46.6	30.5	(16.1)		
Long-Term Liabilities	352.3	419.4	67.1		
Total Liabilities	398.9	449.9	51.0		
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Leases	16.1	15.5	(0.6)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	15.6	14.4	(1.2)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	76.8	23.9	(52.9)		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	108.5	53.8	(54.7)		
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	117.0	110.8	(6.2)		
Net Position Legally Restricted	39.4	79.8	40.4		
Net Position Unrestricted	(215.6)	(208.9)	6.7		
Total Net Position	\$ (59.2)	\$ (18.3)	\$ 40.9		

The net position for the governmental activities increased by approximately \$40.9 million over the prior year.

• Long-term liabilities and associated deferred outflows and inflows fluctuated primarily due to actuarially determined pension and retiree healthcare benefit liabilities.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS – Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

Table 2
Year-to-Year Comparison of Change in Net Position (Millions)

Summary of Statement of Activities			menta rities	-	otal ange	
	2022			2023		
General Revenue:						
Property Taxes - General Purposes	\$	58.9	\$	67.5	\$	8.6
Property Taxes - Debt Service		13.1		15.5		2.4
Property Taxes - Other Specific Purposes		1.7		1.8		0.1
Federal/State Aid		89.1		97.7		8.6
Interest/Investment Earnings		0.7		2.7		2.0
Miscellaneous		2.3		0.2		(2.1)
Total General Revenues		165.8		185.4		19.6
Net Expenditures after Program Revenues for:						
Instruction and Instruction-Related Services		86.9		90.3		3.4
Pupil Services		10.7		6.1		(4.6)
General Administration		13.1		8.5		(4.6)
Plant Services		12.1		18.0		5.9
Ancillary, Community, and Enterprise		0.3		0.6		0.3
Other Outgo		1.0		0.9		(0.1)
Debt Service		7.7		7.3		(0.4)
Depreciation and Amortization (Unallocated)		12.1		12.8	P	0.7
Total Expenditures		143.9		144.5		0.6
Change in Net Position		21.9		40.9		19.0
Net Position, Beginning of Year, Restated		(81.1)		(59.2)		21.9
Net Position, End of Year	\$	(59.2)	\$	(18.3)	\$	40.9

Of the \$144.5 million in 2023 net expenditures, direct services to students represent 66.7% of the total. Plant services represent 12.4% of total expenditures. Depreciation and amortization expense represents 8.8% and general administration and interest on debt service represent about 5.8% and 5.0%, respectively.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds

- Total revenues were approximately \$279.2 million, up approximately \$33.6 million from the prior year. General Fund revenues were approximately \$240.6 million, up \$28.6 million from the prior year. The General Fund represents 86% of total revenues. Student enrollment at Burbank Unified decreased in 2022-23. EC § 43502(b) allowed all districts for the 2020-21 school year to be held harmless from the effects of enrollment loss due to COVID-19. Further, state law changed post-COVID to allow the District to be funded on the average of the past three years, which is higher than current year ADA. The combination of the hold harmless and utilizing the three year has helped reduce the full impact of the current enrollment and ADA decline. Interdistrict transfers continue to help stabilize enrollment fluctuation. Burbank Unified continues to accept inter-district enrollment transfers from neighboring districts when the parent of the student(s) works within the city's boundaries. The District has an excellent reputation academically, and in 2022-23, approximately 1,400 transfers were accepted for students who would otherwise be educated in other school districts.
- Total expenditures were approximately \$237.6 million, up \$3.2 million from the prior year.
 General Fund expenditures were approximately \$207.1 million, an increase over the prior year of approximately \$2.6 million. The General Fund represented 87% of total expenditures. The Board of Education will continue to monitor expenditures due to declining enrollment.
- General Fund revenue for the year was \$240.6 million with expenses of \$207.1 million. Along
 with an interfund transfer out of approximately \$384 thousand, this resulted in an increase to the
 General Fund ending fund balance of \$33.9 million.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - GENERAL FUND BUDGET AND ACTUAL REVENUES

The following items reflect significant variations between original budget amounts and actual results for the general fund:

- Local Control Funding formula (LCFF):
 - Actual State Revenues higher than the Original Budget by \$8 million. This is primarily due to LCFF investment of 6.67%, which was a late addition to the state budget and was on top of statutory COLA.
- Federal Revenue Sources:
 - Actual Revenues were higher than the Original Budget by \$11.6 million. This was due to COVID-19 relief funding.
- Other State Revenue Sources:
 - Actual Revenues exceeded the Original Budget by \$31.3 million. This is due to the recording of the STRS on-behalf payments, state COVID-19 relief funding, Discretionary and Learning Recovery Block Grants.
- Other Local Revenue Sources:
 - Actual Revenues were higher than the Original Budget by \$6.5 million. The balance represents higher than anticipated receipt of local gifts, grants, and donations.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - GENERAL FUND BUDGET AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES

- Certificated Salaries:
 - o Actual Expenditures were lower than the Original Budget by \$1.8 million.
- Classified Salaries:
 - Actual Expenditures were lower than Original Budget by \$3.1 million. This is primarily due to over budget of CSEA pay increase and salary study.
- Books and Supplies:
 - Actual Expenditures exceeded the Original Budget by \$832 thousand. This is primarily due to purchasing technology, personal protective equipment, COVID-19 tests and cleaning supplies due to COVID-19.
- Contracted Services:
 - Actual Expenditures were higher than Original Budget by approximately \$10.9 million.
 This is a result of one-time COVID-19 funding and grant money being spent on
 Professional Development and Special Education. Contracting with Non-Public Agencies
 (NPA) was necessary to fill vacant positions that are unfilled yet required for students
 with Individual Educational Plans
- · Capital Outlay:
 - Actual Expenditures were higher than Original Budget by approximately \$963 thousand due to the increase of schedule of maintenance projects.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - INDIVIDUAL MAJOR FUNDS

Special Reserve for Capital Outlay

The Special Reserve for Capital Outlay is a fund used for district facilities projects that are not funded through the Capital Facilities Fund, nor from state construction funds. This fund holds dollars that were transferred from the General Fund at the direction of the Board of Education, for specific facility purposes. Its primary source of funding has been state funded projects in prior years that were completed with excess funds available and community redevelopment funds. It also earns interest income, and occasionally can receive revenues from sale of property.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - INDIVIDUAL MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Special Reserve for Capital Outlay (Continued)

- The Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Fund began 2022-23 with a fund balance of \$13.6 million, and ended the year with a fund balance of \$17.3 million.
- \$2.4 million of this fund balance is held in reserve for future maintenance of the high school athletic fields as per an agreement with the City of Burbank. This reserve is increased by \$150,000 annually.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund

 The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used to account for the collection of tax on voter approved general obligation bonded debt. Assessment, collection, and payment of the principal and interest on the general obligation bonds is managed by the County Assessor and County Auditor- Controller as applicable.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR FUNDS

Student Activity Fund

The Student Activity Fund is used to account for the activity of the District's Associated Student Body organizations which raise and expend money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of students. The amounts reported represent the combined totals of all schools within the District that operate Associated Student Body Funds.

• The Student Activity Fund began 2022-23 with a fund balance of \$1.8 million, and ended the year with a fund balance of \$1.6 million.

Adult Education Fund

The Adult Education Fund exists to record the financial activities of the Burbank Adult Education School. Prior to state legislated Tier III flexibility, the adult education funds were held completely separate from the General Fund. After the state flexibility was legislated in 2008-09, adult education funds were available for use in the General Fund. Burbank Unified has elected to keep the Adult Education Fund as a separate fund and not include it into the General Fund.

Funding continues to be received directly from the state into the Adult Education Fund based on 2012-13 expenditures, under the direction of LARAEC, Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium.

• The Adult Education Fund began 2022-23 with a fund balance of \$4.6 million, and ended the year with a fund balance of \$4.5 million.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS – INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Child Development Fund

The Child Development Fund is established for operations of state funded preschool and childcare programs, as well as district-run childcare and after-school programs. The Child Development Fund, and related programs, have experienced large reductions in state funding. The last 7 years the state funded child development program and preschool program have run at a deficit, which has been large enough to create an overall deficit for the fund. The District is addressing the deficit by increasing rates; and as of 2021-22, closed its Horace Mann Child Care Center, which is now operated by YMCA. However, costs are outpacing the rate increase and there will be a study session to determine the next steps needed to continue to yield a positive fund balance.

 The Child Development Fund began 2021-22 with a fund balance of \$157 thousand and ended the year with a fund balance of \$484 thousand.

Cafeteria Fund

The Cafeteria Fund began 2022-23 with a fund balance of \$1.4 million and ended the year with a fund balance of \$4.0 million.

Deferred Maintenance Fund

The state discontinued providing its contribution in 2013-14 and included it as part of the LCFF allocations. Revenues earned in this fund are a result of interest earnings on the balance carried forward from years past.

• The Deferred Maintenance Fund began 2022-23 with a fund balance of \$616 thousand, and ended the year with a fund balance of \$484 thousand.

Building Fund

The Building Fund began 2022-23 with a fund balance of \$6.2 million and ended the year with a fund balance of \$5.2 million.

Capital Facilities Fund

The Capital Facilities Fund, also known as the Developer Fee Fund, received revenues from impact fees charged to residents for new residential and commercial construction. Total revenues were \$1.2 million for 2022-23. This fund is used to pay for growth-related facilities projects, as needs arise.

• The Capital Facilities Fund began 2022-23 with \$5.6 million in fund balance, and ended the year with \$6.8 million.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - INTERNAL SERVICE AND TRUST FUNDS

Retiree Benefits Fund – Self Insurance Fund

The Retiree Benefits Self Insurance Fund covers the cost of retiree health benefits annually. The District historically contributed 0.86% of all salaries into this fund, in order to fund the current year expense. In 2022-23, the District resumed its contribution for half of the year. That, with what already was in the fund, covered the cost of Retiree Benefits. The total net position in this fund at year-end was \$150 thousand.

Retiree Benefits Fund – Trust Fund

The Governing Board maintains its own irrevocable trust with Wells Fargo Bank as its Trustee, and has established these funds in a separate Retiree Benefits Fund. In the prior year, Wells Fargo transferred the trust to Principal Custody Solutions. This fund was established by the Board of Education to begin to accumulate balances sufficient to meet the obligations defined by GASB Statement No. 74/75 and the District's actuarial study of postretirement benefits.

 The Retiree Benefits Fund (irrevocable trust) began 2022-23 with net position of \$2.9 million, and ended the year with net position of \$1.3 million. The decrease is due to the funding of current retiree benefits expenses. This practice will continue until the fund is exhausted.

OTHER INFORMATION

Over the course of the year, the District revises its annual operating budget several times. The District is required to adopt its budget by June 30th each year, which is often prior to final funding information from the State. After the state budget is adopted, the District is required to analyze the impact of the state budget to the District budget within 45 days of the Governor's signature. Any necessary budget revisions are then made to reflect the impact. The District is also required by law to make two formal presentations each year on its financial condition, projecting both budget and cash flow for the current and two future fiscal years. Budget revisions are made after these presentations to reflect current information. The District makes additional budget revisions throughout the year as information regarding funding and expenditures becomes available.

Debt and Capital Assets

General Obligation Bond and Related Capital Improvements

The District passed a \$110 million General Obligation Bond in March of 2013. Additional modernization projects and facilities projects began in the summer of 2013.

- 2014-15 the District spent \$6.9 million for various building programs including modernization, infrastructure improvements, and technology.
- 2015-16 the District spent \$29.3 million for lighting, solar, infrastructure improvements, and technology.
- 2016-17 the District spent \$33.6 million for lighting, solar, infrastructure improvements, and technology.

OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

- 2017-18 the District spent \$21.1 million for infrastructure improvements and modular buildings.
- 2018-19 the District spent \$6.6 million for infrastructure improvements and building programs.
- 2019-20 the District spent \$1.1 million for various campus-wide improvements including playground equipment and technology.
- 2020-21 the District spent \$2.2 million for modernization project at Disney Elementary School.
- 2021-22 the District spent \$2.7 million for modernization project at Disney Elementary School.
- 2022-23 the District spent \$1.7 million for modernization projects at Disney and Roosevelt Elementary Schools.

Additional information on capital assets can be found at Note 8 and additional information on long-term liabilities can be found at Notes 9 to 14.

Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance for Burbank decreased. However, the District continues to attract inter-district attendance to backfill the natural attrition in student enrollment which would otherwise reduce its attendance base. Due to its excellent reputation, the District continues to receive more applications for inter-district attendance than it can grant. By policy, any families who work within the District's boundaries may apply for inter-district attendance and bring their school-aged children to Burbank schools if space allows.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL FUTURE

The District is highly dependent upon the state of California's economic outlook in all aspects of its operation. The Board of Education's decision to set aside an additional 3% reserve within its fund balance, making a total of 6% set aside for economic uncertainties, is one factor that provides additional assurance of solvency during the State's financial difficulties. The following represent elements that could potentially affect the District's financial profile.

- The District's enrollment pattern has shown a decrease over the last two fiscal years, even though inter-district attendance remains strong. The District experienced a decline in enrollment due to the COVID-19 pandemic in 2022-23. The District continues to monitor this trend closely, however, the District does expect the trend to continue.
- The increasing costs of district-paid STRS and PERS is outpacing the revenue coming into the
 district. The state reduced the contribution percentage for 2019-21 and 2020-21 in an effort to
 fiscally aid districts during the COVID-19 crisis. However, for 2022-23, the contributions return to
 their former rates. This increase with the continued decrease in enrollment poses a significant
 fiscal burden.
- The state has completed LCFF implementation and the District is funded at 100% of the target funding. Now that all Districts are at full funding the only increases to revenue will be COLA. The COLA for 2023-24 was 8.22%.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL FUTURE (CONTINUED)

- The District has inherent increased costs each fiscal year due to "step" increases that result from contracted bargaining unit language, and also inherent increased costs annually due to health insurance increases, and other supply and material cost increases. These increased costs will be especially scrutinized as future year District budgets are adopted with little funding increases.
- Districts have been cautioned to increase their reserve in preparation for the next recession.
 The state is faced with an unpredictable economy due to the COVID-19 pandemic crisis. The
 required reserve for economic uncertainty of 3% plus additional board 3% reserve for a total 6%
 reserve will not cover one month of payroll.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL TEAM

This financial report provides the most current information regarding the District's financial status. The level of detail is complex. Some users may wish for additional information. Any questions about this report may be directed to Andrew Cantwell, Assistant Superintendent, Administrative Services (818) 729-4473.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	A 100 0 10 0 50
Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks	\$ 130,343,356
Cash in Revolving Fund	5,040,769
Cash of Revolving Fund Cash Collections Awaiting Deposit	25,060 1,607,101
Cash with Fiscal Agent	1,607,191
Accounts Receivable	25 18,840,071
Lease Receivable	15,778,491
Stores	52,800
Prepaid Items	4,179
Land	7,621,124
Construction in Progress	209,187
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation and Amortization	242,541,097
Total Assets	422,063,350
	422,000,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows - Refunding	4,689,358
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	16,214,393
Deferred Outflows - Pensions	42,255,728
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	63,159,479
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	26,197,685
Accrued Interest Payable	1,107,744
Unearned Revenue	3,200,198
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year Other than Pensions and OPEB	18,256,888
Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Due Within One Year	1,834,822
Due In More Than One Year Other than Pensions and OPEB	172,735,169
Net OPEB Liabilities	71,327,535
Net Pension Liability	155,213,978
Total Liabilities	449,874,019
DESERBED INC. ON DESCRIPTION	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows - Leases	15,460,577
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	14,363,208
Deferred Inflows - Pensions	23,857,175
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	53,680,960
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	110,840,205
Restricted for:	110,640,205
Debt Service	13,509,059
Construction Projects	20,138,420
Routine Restricted Maintenance	1,609,935
Educational Programs	32,504,616
Child Nutrition Programs	4,006,629
Student Activities	1,586,608
Retiree Benefits/Classified Employee Summer Assistance Program	266,209
Medi-Cal Activities	1,620,976
District and Site Operations	4,521,179
Unrestricted	
5111504115154	(208,935,986)
Total Net Position	\$ (18,332,150)
	Ψ (10,002, 100)

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Prog	ram Revenues	i		(E:	et Revenue xpense) and Changes in let Position
					Operating		Capital		
		С	harges for		Grants and	Gra	ants and	G	overnmental
Functions	Expenses		Services	С	ontributions	Con	tributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:	-				-				
Instruction	\$ 140,947,400	\$	3,340,762	\$	62,955,582	\$	-	\$	(74,651,056)
Instruction - Related Services	23,876,542		515,435		7,685,706		_		(15,675,401)
Pupil Services	22,550,421		920,646		15,497,186		_		(6,132,589)
Ancillary Services	1,519,690		317,563		539,412		_		(662,715)
Community Services	125,016		76,927		129,103		-		81,014
Enterprise	1,392		-				-		(1,392)
General Administration	12,829,338		130,918		4,173,362		_		(8,525,058)
Plant Services	20,273,034		577,176		1,722,488		_		(17,973,370)
Other Outgo	1,251,241		23,033		339,525		-		(888,683)
Debt Service - Interest	7,320,507		-		-		-		(7,320,507)
Depreciation and Amortization									• • • • •
(Unallocated)	12,762,623		-				_		(12,762,623)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 243,457,204	\$	5,902,460	\$	93,042,364	\$	-	((144,512,380)
	GENERAL REVE	NUES	AND SUBVE	NTIC	ONS				
	Property Taxes	Levie	d for:						
	General Purp	oses							67,491,022
	Debt Service								15,539,545
	Other Specific	•							1,804,708
	Federal and Sta	ite Aic	d not Restricte	d to	Specific				
	Purposes								97,658,683
	Interest and Inv	estme	ent Earnings						2,743,086
	Miscellaneous		_						192,227
	Total Ge	neral	Revenues						185,429,271
	CHANGE IN NET	POSI	TION						40,916,891
	Net Position - Beg	inning	g of Year, Res	tated	I			-	(59,249,041)
	NET POSITION -	END	OF YEAR					\$	(18,332,150)

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	G	eneral Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay		Reserve Fund for Capital G		Reserve Fund for Capital G		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks Cash in Revolving Fund Cash Collections Awaiting Deposit Cash with Fiscal Agent Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Stores Prepaid Items	\$	80,034,165 2,574,305 25,060 - 25 16,548,524 15,778,491 30,486	\$	17,421,924 - - - - 164,027 -	\$	33,600,190 1,599,958 - 1,607,191 - 2,127,520 - 22,314 4,179	\$	131,056,279 4,174,263 25,060 1,607,191 25 18,840,071 15,778,491 52,800		
Total Assets	\$	114,991,056	\$	17,585,951	\$	38,961,352	\$	4,179 171,538,359		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Current Liabilities Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	24,897,030 3,006,304 27,903,334	\$	259,070 - 259,070	\$	1,038,263 193,894 1,232,157	\$	26,194,363 3,200,198 29,394,561		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	Name of the last o	15,460,577 15,460,577		· -		<u>-</u>		15,460,577 15,460,577		
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances		55,546 39,040,836 20,126,399 12,404,364 71,627,145		11,765,817 5,561,064 - 17,326,881		26,493 35,249,200 2,453,502 - 37,729,195		82,039 86,055,853 28,140,965 12,404,364 126,683,221		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	114,991,056	\$	17,585,951	\$	38,961,352	\$	171,538,359		

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 126,683,221
Amounts reported for governmental funds are different than the Statement of Net Position because:	nt .	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. These assets consist of:		
Land Construction in Progress Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 7,621,124 209,187 242,541,097	250,371,408
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
General Obligation Bonds Payable and Related Premium Finance Purchase Lease Liability SBITA Liability Compensated Absences Net Other Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) Net Pension Liability	(171,296,873) (13,392,623) (769,403) (499,202) (5,033,956) (73,162,357) (155,213,978)	(419,368,392)
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources at year-end consist of:		
Deferred Outflows - Refunding Deferred Outflows - OPEB Deferred Outflows - Pensions Deferred Inflows - OPEB Deferred Inflows - Pensions	4,689,358 16,214,393 42,255,728 (14,363,208) (23,857,175)	24,939,096
An internal service funds is used by the District to cover the cost of retiree benefits. The assets and liabilities should be included with governmental activities. The net position is:		150,261
Interest expense related to general obligation bonds payable was incurred but not accrued through June 30, 2023.		(1,107,744)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (18,332,150)

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Local Control Funding Formula Sources:				
State Apportionments	\$ 94,194,164	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,194,164
Local Sources	67,491,024	_		67,491,024
Total Local Control Funding Formula				
Sources	161,685,188		-	161,685,188
Federal Sources	17,340,692	-	3,661,800	21,002,492
Other State Sources	53,324,980	1,962,246	9,791,184	65,078,410
Other Local Sources	8,313,897	2,240,808	20,908,112	31,462,817
Total Revenues	240,664,757	4,203,054	34,361,096	279,228,907
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	135,014,649	_	5,916,759	140,931,408
Instruction - Related Services	20,694,596	-	1,666,941	22,361,537
Pupil Services	16,326,364	-	5,954,026	22,280,390
Ancillary Services	1,472,201	_	, , <u>-</u>	1,472,201
Community Services	117,611	_	_	117,611
General Administration	10,962,163	_	543,118	11,505,281
Plant Services	19,375,866	489,961	2,002,068	21,867,895
Other Outgo	1,251,241	-	-,,	1,251,241
Debt Service	1,909,074	-	13,883,515	15,792,589
Total Expenditures	207,123,765	489,961	29,966,427	237,580,153
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	33,540,992	3,713,093	4,394,669	41,648,754
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from SBITAs	304,807	-	-	304,807
Proceeds from Leases	239,381	-	_	239,381
Interfund Transfer In	-	-	159,821	159,821
Interfund Transfer Out	(159,821)	-	-	(159,821)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	384,367	-	159,821	544,188
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	33,925,359	3,713,093	4,554,490	42,192,942
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	37,701,786	13,613,788	33,174,705	84,490,279
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 71,627,145	\$ 17,326,881	\$ 37,729,195	\$ 126,683,221

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	42,192,942
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense.			
Capital Outlay, net of adjustments Depreciation and Amortization Expense Excess (Deficiency) of Capital Outlay Over Depreciation and Amortization Expense	\$ 3,970,836 (12,762,623)		(8,791,787)
New lease and subscription agreements are reported as proceeds in governmental funds but increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position: Lease Liability SBITA Liability	(239,381) (304,807)		(544,188)
Governmental funds report the repayment of debt principal and interest when payments are due. In the statement of activities, debt principal is eliminated and reported as a reduction in debt in the statement of net position, and interest is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of debt and related items is as follows:			
Finance Purchase Principal Payments on Leases	710,249 582,720		
Principal Payments on SBITAs General Obligation Bond Principal and Accreted Interest Payments	267,645 11,465,001		13,025,615
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when the employer contribution is made, but in the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. The difference between accrual basis pension costs and actual employer contribution was:			10,387,116
In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when the health and welfare payments are made, but in the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. The difference between accrual basis OPEB costs and actual health and welfare payments:			(7,570,802)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:			(1,010,002)
Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Refunding Decrease in Accrued Interest Payable Accreted Interest Accrual Premium on General Obligation Bonds - Amortization Net Increase in Compensated Absences	(1,023,132) 13,777 (3,867,002) 322,824 (3,036,589)		(7,590,122)
An internal service fund is used by the District to charge the costs of postemployment benefits to the individual funds. The net loss of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.			(191,883)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	40,916,891
		-	

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund Retiree Benefits Self-Insurance Fund
ASSETS	
Due from Fiscal Agent	866,506
Total Assets	866,506
LIABILITIES	
Deficit in County Treasury	712,923
Accounts Payable	3,322
Total Liabilities	716,245
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Retiree Health Benefits	150,261
Total Net Position	\$ 150,261

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund Retiree Benefits Self-Insurance Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
In-District Premiums/Contributions	\$ 1,566,768
Total Operating Revenues	1,566,768
OPERATING EXPENDITURES Benefits and Other Operating Expenses Total Operating Expenditures	1,758,651 1,758,651
OPERATING LOSS	(191,883)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	342,144
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 150,261

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
	Service Fund
	Retiree Benefits
	Self-Insurance
	Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1 unu
Cash Received for Premiums and Other Revenues	ф 700 000
	\$ 700,262
Cash Paid for Benefits and Other Operating Expenses	(1,755,329)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(1,055,067)
CARLE CIA/O EDOM INIVESTIMO ACTIVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest	387
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	387
NET DEODE ACE IN CACH	(4.054.000)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(1,054,680)
Cash - Beginning of Year	241 757
odan - beginning of Teal	341,757
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ (712,923)
	Ψ (112,020)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH	
USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating Loss	\$ (191,883)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to	ψ (191,003)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	(000 =00)
Increase in Cash in Banks	(866,506)
Increase in Accounts Payable	3,322
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	¢ (1.055.067)
1401 Oddir Osed by Operating Activities	<u>\$ (1,055,067)</u>

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Retiree Benefits Trust Fund
ASSETS Investments with Fiscal Agent	\$ 1,331,805
Total Assets	1,331,805
NET POSITION Held in Trust for Other Postemployment Benefits	1,331,805_
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1,331,805</u>

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		ree Benefits rust Fund
ADDITIONS		
Employer Contributions	\$	268,316
Investment Gain:		
Interest Income and Dividends		83,314
Realized Loss on Investments		(177,957)
Unrealized Gain on Investments		135,037
Net Investment Gain		40,394
,	1	70,007
Total Additions		308,710
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefit Payments		1,834,822
Other Expenses		6,292
Total Deductions		1,841,114
Total Deductions		1,041,114
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(1,532,404)
		· , , ,
Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,864,209
		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	_\$	1,331,805

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's California School Accounting Manual, updated to conform to the most current financial and reporting requirements promulgated by the California Department of Education. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The significant accounting policies applicable to the District are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as prescribed by GASB. The financial statement presentation required by GASB provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the District's financial activities. Fiduciary activities are excluded from the basic financial statements and are reported separately in the fiduciary fund statements.

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position, a statement of activities, and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities displays information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, including governmental activities of proprietary funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Depreciation, amortization, and interest expense have not been allocated to specific functions.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary and proprietary funds are reported by type.

The fund financial statement expenditures are presented in a function-oriented format. The following is a brief description of the functions:

Instruction: includes the activities directly dealing with the interaction between teachers and students.

Instruction-Related Services: includes supervision of instruction, instructional library, media and technology, and school site administration.

Pupil Services: includes home to school transportation, food services, and other pupil services.

Ancillary Services: includes activities that are generally designed to provide students with experiences outside the regular school day.

Community Services: includes activities that provide services to community participants other than students.

General Administration: includes data processing services and all other general administration services.

Plant Services: includes activities of maintaining the physical plant. This also includes facilities acquisition and construction expenditures.

Other Outgo: includes transfers to other agencies.

Debt Service: includes principal and interest payments for long-term debt.

The proprietary and fiduciary fund expenditures are presented by natural classification.

Fund Accounting

To ensure compliance with the California Education Code, the financial resources of the District are divided into separate funds for which separate accounts are maintained for recording cash, other resources and all related liabilities, obligations, and equities.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are statements of financial activities of the particular fund related to the current reporting period. Expenditures of the various funds frequently include amounts for land, buildings, equipment, retirement of indebtedness, transfers to other funds, etc. Consequently, these statements do not purport to present the result of operations or the net income or loss for the period as would a statement of income for a profit-type organization. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for all governmental funds.

<u>Governmental Funds – Major</u>

General Fund: used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. In addition, balances held in the payroll clearance fund no longer meet the definition of fiduciary activities and are therefore reported in the General Fund.

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay: used to account for specific board-approved capital expenditures.

Governmental Funds – Nonmajor

Special Revenue Funds: used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Student Activity Fund: used to account for raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body. The amounts reported represent the combined totals of all schools within the District that operate Associated Student Body Funds.

Adult Education Fund: used to account for resources restricted or committed to adult education programs maintained by the District.

Child Development Fund: used to account for resources committed to child development programs.

Cafeteria Fund: used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's food service programs.

Deferred Maintenance Fund: used for the purpose of major repair or replacement of District property. The District has taken formal action to commit state apportionment funding from the local control funding formula to this fund for the continued operation of the original program. The fund, therefore, meets the requirements to be reported as a Special Revenue fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Governmental Funds – Nonmajor (Continued)</u>

Capital Projects Funds: used to account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition and/or construction of major governmental general capital assets.

Building Fund: used to account for construction projects funded by the proceeds of voter approved bonds.

Capital Facilities Fund: used to account for resources received from residential and commercial developer impact fees.

Debt Service Fund: used to account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned and the accumulation of resources for, the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: used to account for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Proprietary Funds

Self-Insurance Fund

Internal Service Fund: used to account for payment of current year retiree healthcare costs within the Retiree Benefits Self-Insurance Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Retiree Benefits Trust Fund: used to accumulate irrevocable contributions for future retiree healthcare costs.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Revenues in governmental fund financial statements are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of state apportionment, interest, and reimbursement grants which are considered available as collectible within one year.

Government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unavailable revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash in the County Treasury is recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Receivables

Receivables are generally recorded when the amount is earned and can be estimated. All material receivables are considered fully collectible.

Stores

Stores are presented at the lower of cost or market on an average basis and are expensed when used. Stores inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. At June 30, 2023, the inventory for supplies is \$30,486. The inventory for food is \$22,314.

Capital Assets

Generally, capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined by GASB. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except for land, art collection and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	35 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5 to 15 Years
Vehicles	8 Years

Right-to-use lease assets are initially measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

SBITA assets are initially measured as the sum of the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term, payments associated with the SBITA contract made to the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, when applicable, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any SBITA vendor incentives received form the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the SBITA term. SBITA assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that is applicable to future reporting periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that is applicable to future reporting periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The deferred outflows/inflows for OPEB and pensions are reported in the government-wide statement of net position, and the deferred inflows for leases is reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet.

Deferred Charge on Refunding: A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition priced. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): The deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB results from the effects of actuarially-determined changes to the OPEB plan. These amounts are deferred and amortized as detailed in Note 13 to the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows – Pensions: The deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions results from District contributions to employee pension plans subsequent to the measurement date of the actuarial valuations for the pension plans and the effects of actuarially-determined changes to the pension plan. These amounts are deferred and amortized as detailed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

Deferred Inflows – Leases: The lease related deferred inflow of resources is recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the start of the lease term that relates to future periods, less any lease incentives paid, to or on behalf of the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

Unearned Revenue

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that eligibility requirements have been met. Unearned revenue is recorded to the extent cash received on specific projects and programs exceed qualified expenditures.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as a liability when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Sick leave benefits are accumulated without limit for each employee. The employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave, therefore, accumulated employee sick leave benefits are not recognized as a liability of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken. However, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Long-Term Obligations

The District reports long-term debt of governmental funds at face value in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financial sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the District's OPEB liability related to the OPEB Trust, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trust and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Trust fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the trustee. For this purpose, the Trustee recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are report at cost.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on use through external restrictions imposed by donors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments or by enabling legislation adopted by the District. The residual balance is classified as unrestricted net position.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: Amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

Committed: Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District Board of Education. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same formal action (vote or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education, through a formal action has given authority to the Assistant Superintendent of Administrative Services to assign amounts for a specific purpose that is neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned: The residual fund balance for the General Fund and all other spendable amounts. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

Spending Order Policy

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position or fund balance is available.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District's policy considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Education has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment functions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The District has adopted a minimum fund balance policy in order to protect against revenue shortfalls and unexpected one-time expenditures. The Board of Education recognizes that good fiscal management comprises the foundational support of the entire District. To make that support as effective as possible, the Board has established a general fund reserve of 6% for economic uncertainty, which exceeds the requirements of law of 3%. The District was unable to meet their policy; however, they still maintained the state recommended reserve.

State Apportionments

Certain current year apportionments from the state are based upon various financial and statistical information of the previous year. Second period to annual corrections for local control funding formula and other state apportionments (either positive or negative) are accrued at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1st and February 1st. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31st.

Real and personal property tax revenues are reported in the same manner in which the County auditor records and reports actual property tax receipts to the California Department of Education. This is generally on a cash basis. A receivable has not been recognized in the General Fund for property taxes due to the fact that any receivable is offset by a payable to the state for local control funding formula purposes. Property taxes for debt service purposes are not material and have therefore not been accrued in the government-wide financial statements.

On-Behalf Payments

GAAP requires that direct on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries made by one entity to a third-party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity be recognized as revenue and expenditures by the employer government. The state of California makes direct on-behalf payments for retirement benefits to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS) on behalf of all school districts in California. The amount of on-behalf payments made for the District has been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Contributed Services

GAAP require that contributions of donated services that create or enhance nonfinancial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are to be recorded at fair value in the period received. Although the District receives numerous hours of volunteer time, it is not deemed necessary to record these hours on the books of the District based on the above guidelines. In addition, the District receives donations of immaterial equipment and supplies which are not recorded upon receipt.

Classification of Revenues – Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues from nonoperating revenues. Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as food service sales, federal and most state and local grants and contracts, and self-insurance premiums. Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity

The District is the level of government primarily accountable for activities related to public education. The governing authority consists of elected officials who, together, constitute the Board of Education.

The District considered its financial and operational relationships with potential component units under the reporting entity definition of GASB. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including another organization in the District's reporting entity for financial reports is the ability of the District's elected officials to exercise oversight responsibility over such agencies. Oversight responsibility implies that one entity is dependent on another and a financial benefit or burden relationship is present and that the dependent unit should be reported as part of the other.

Oversight responsibility is derived from the District's power and includes, but is not limited to: financial interdependency; selection of governing authority; designation of management; ability to significantly influence operations; and accountability for fiscal matters.

Due to the nature and significance of their relationship with the District, including ongoing financial support of the District or its other component units, certain organizations warrant inclusion as part of the financial reporting entity. A legally separate, tax-exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of the District if all of the following criteria are met:

- The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component units, or its constituents.
- The District, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization.
- The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the District, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the District.

Based upon the application of the criteria listed above, the following potential component units have been excluded in the District's reporting entity:

The Burbank Arts and Education Foundation: In October 2020, the Burbank Education Foundation and the Burbank Arts For All Foundation merged to form the Burbank Arts and Education Foundation. The Foundation is a separate nonprofit corporation formed to promote and assist educational, the visual and performing arts programs of the District. The Board of Directors is elected by their own Board and independent of any District Board of Education appointments. The Board is responsible for approving its own budget and accounting and finance related activities. Separate financial statements for the Foundation may be obtained through the District.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Adoption of New Accounting Standard - GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements</u>

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This standard defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA); establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA right to use an underlying asset.

The District adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2022 and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption. The implementation of this standard resulted in the District reporting a SBITA asset and a subscription liability as disclosed in Note 8 and Note 9. See Note 18, for the restatement as a result of the implementation.

NOTE 2 BUDGETS

By state law, the District's Governing Board must approve a budget no later than July 1, using the Single Adoption Budget process. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's Governing Board satisfied these requirements. Budgets for all governmental funds were adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

These budgets are revised by the District's Governing Board during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budget for the General Fund is presented in a budgetary comparison schedule in the required supplementary section.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District has not established a policy for custodial risk that follows requirements as set forth in Education Code 41002.5. As of June 30, 2023, \$6,418,941 of the District's bank balance of \$6,918,941 was exposed to credit risk, as they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash in County

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Los Angeles County Treasury as part of the common investment pool. The District is considered an involuntary participant in the investment pool. These pooled funds are carried at amortized cost which approximates fair value. Fair value of pooled investments at June 30, 2023 is measured at 95.17% of amortized cost. The District's deposits in the fund are considered to be highly liquid.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Sections 53534, 53601, 53635, and 53648. The county is restricted to invest in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes, or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized. The county investment pool is not required to be rated. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county investment pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) nor is it an SEC Rule 2a7-like pool. California Government Code statutes and the County Board of Supervisors set forth the various investment policies that the County Treasurer follow. The method used to determine the value of the participant's equity withdrawn is based on the book value, which is amortized cost, of the participant's percentage participation on the date of such withdrawals.

The pool sponsor's annual financial report may be obtained from the Los Angeles County Public Affairs Office, Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration, 500 W. Temple Street, Room 358, Los Angeles, California 90012.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments with Fiscal Agent

Investments held by the District's Grantor Trust (the Trust) are limited to those within the terms of the trust agreement, any applicable plan documents and in accordance with California Government Code Sections 16430, 53601 and 53602. The Trust did not violate any provisions of the investment policy during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Investment Valuation

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GASB require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District did not have any investments in the Level 2 or 3 category. Investments' fair value measurements at June 30, 2023 are presented below:

			F	·air Value
			_Me	asurements
Investment	Cost Level			Level 1
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,370	\$	10,370
Mutual Fund - Equity		71,672		60,405
Mutual Fund - Corporate Bonds		1,240,199		1,074,400
Closed End Funds - Equity		136,908		186,630
Total	\$	1,459,149	\$	1,331,805

Investments categorized as Level 1 are valued based on prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The investment policy limits investment maturities to seven years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. U.S. government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure. The District follows Government Code to reduce exposure to investment credit risk. As of June 30, 2023, the Trust's investments in mutual funds are unrated.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments with Fiscal Agent (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. In accordance with GASB, the District is exposed to concentration of credit risk whenever an investment in any one issuer exceeds 5%. Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this requirement.

NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

			Spec	ecial Reserve Nonmajor		Total		
			Fund for		or Governmental		Go	vernmental
Accounts Receivable	General Fund		Capital Outlay		Funds		Funds	
Federal and State	\$	15,557,440	\$		\$	1,142,449	\$	16,699,889
Miscellaneous		991,084		164,027		985,071		2,140,182
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	16,548,524	\$	164,027	\$	2,127,520	\$	18,840,071

NOTE 5 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund activity has been eliminated in the Government-wide statements. The following transactions are reported in the fund financial statements.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended. Interfund transfers for the 2022-23 fiscal year are as follows:

Transfer from the General Fund to the Child Development Fund for the Monterey Child Development program and for the Around the Bell program

\$ 159,821

NOTE 6 FUND BALANCES

The following amounts were nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned as shown below:

	G	eneral Fund	Special eserve Fund for Capital Outlay	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Nonspendable:						
Cash in Revolving Fund	\$	25,060	\$ -	\$ -	\$	25,060
Stores		30,486	-	22,314		52,800
Prepaid Items		_	 _	4,179		4,179
Total Nonspendable		55,546	-	26,493		82,039
Restricted:						
General Fund		39,040,836	· <u>-</u>	_		39,040,836
Student Activity Fund		-	-	1,586,608		1,586,608
Legally Restricted Programs		_	-	6,547,820		6,547,820
Capital Projects/Facilities		-	11,765,817	12,497,969		24,263,786
Bond Interest Redemption Fund		_	_	14,616,803		14,616,803
Total Restricted		39,040,836	11,765,817	35,249,200		86,055,853
Assigned:						
LCAP 22-23 Carryover		2,107,723	_	-		2,107,723
Vacation Payout for 22-23		514,000	_	-		514,000
Fiscal Stabilization		16,954,433	-	_		16,954,433
Site Carryover		550,243	-	_		550,243
Turf Replacements: BHS, RBHS		-	2,400,000	_		2,400,000
Track & Field		_	1,742,768	_		1,742,768
BHS Pool Set Aside		-	1,018,911	· =		1,018,911
Financing		_	399,385	_		399,385
Adult Education		-	-	2,439,334		2,439,334
Cafeteria		-	_	14,168		14,168
Total Assigned		20,126,399	5,561,064	2,453,502		28,140,965
Unassigned:						
Economic Uncertainties		12,404,364	_	_		12,404,364
Total Unassigned		12,404,364		 -		12,404,364
Total Fund Balance	\$	71,627,145	\$ 17,326,881	\$ 37,729,195	\$	126,683,221

NOTE 7 LEASE RECEIVABLE

The District, acting as lessor, leases noncancellable leases of various ground lease properties and facilities under long-term lease agreements. The leases expire on various dates through November 2058. During the year ended June 30, 2023 the District recognized \$593,235 and \$320,088 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these agreement.

Total future minimum lease payments to be received under the lease agreement are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 461,999	\$ 312,431	\$ 774,430
2025	434,491	304,740	739,230
2026	442,261	296,969	739,230
2027	338,767	289,584	628,350
2028	345,846	282,504	628,350
2029-2033	1,840,709	1,301,043	3,141,752
2034-2038	2,041,249	1,100,504	3,141,752
2039-2043	2,263,636	878,116	3,141,752
2044-2048	2,510,253	631,500	3,141,752
2049-2053	2,389,296	373,619	2,762,915
2054-2058	2,517,665	124,887	2,642,552
2059	192,319		192,319
Total	\$ 15,778,491	\$ 5,895,896	\$ 21,674,388

NOTE 8 CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION/AMORTIZATION - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 is shown below:

	Balance _July 1, 2022 (1)	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 7,621,124	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,621,124
Construction in Progress	2,576,037	209,185	(2,576,035)	209,187
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	10,197,161	209,185	(2,576,035)	7,830,311
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Site Improvements	39,598,560	823,988	_	40,422,548
Building and Improvements	390,712,265	4,057,341	-	394,769,606
Equipment	6,018,835	244,500	(18,373)	6,244,962
Total Capital Assets			(117,117)	3,2 , , 3
Being Depreciated	436,329,660	5,125,829	(18,373)	441,437,116
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Site Improvements	13,602,393	1,067,893	-	14,670,286
Building and Improvements	169,976,936	10,537,909	_	180,514,845
Equipment	5,176,733	127,880	(18,373)	5,286,240
Total Accumulated Depreciation	188,756,062	11,733,682	(18,373)	200,471,371
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	247,573,598	(6,607,853)	-	240,965,745
Right-to-Use Lease Assets:				
Equipment	1,587,908	239,381	(461,437)	1,365,852
Total Right-to-Use Lease Assets	1,587,908	239,381	(461,437)	1,365,852
Less Accumulated Amortization:				
Equipment	653,910	449,516	(461,437)	641,989
Total Accumulated Amortization	653,910	449,516	(461,437)	641,989
Total Right-to-Use Lease Assets, Net	933,998	(210,135)	-	723,863
Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangement Assets (SBITA)				
SBITA	627,827	972,476		1,600,303
Total SBITA	627,827	972,476	_	1,600,303
Less Accumulated Amortization:				
SBITA	169,389	579,425	-	748,814
Total SBITA, Net	458,438	393,051		851,489
,	100, 100		_	001,708
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 259,163,195	\$ (6,215,752)	\$ (2,576,035)	\$ 250,371,408

^{(1) -} Amounts have been adjusted due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, SBITA. See Note 1.

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023 is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2022 (1)	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Amount Due in One Year
General Obligations Bonds:	July 1, 2022 (1)	Additions	reductions	Julie 30, 2023	One real
Bond A	\$ 196,888	\$ -	\$ 196,888	\$ -	\$ -
Bond B	2.269.995	Ψ -	1,150,063	1,119,932	1,119,932
Bond C	11,329,840	_	2,055,362	9,274,478	1,979,820
Series 2013 Bond	21,307,990	-	2,000,002	21,307,990	
Series 2015A Bond		-	-		475,000
Series 2017 Bond	3,670,000	-	240.000	3,670,000	-
	33,856,109	-	340,000	33,516,109	890,000
Series 2020 Bond	62,360,000	-	100,000	62,260,000	100,000
Accreted Interest:					
Bond A	580,937	22,176	603,113	-	-
Bond B	5,469,389	308,980	2,874,937	2,903,432	3,010,068
Bond C	22,247,236	1,596,236	4,144,638	19,698,834	4,395,180
Bond 2013	8,907,998	1,261,940	-	10,169,938	-
Bond 2017	2,952,926	677,670	-	3,630,596	-
Bond Premium:					
Series 2013 Bond Premium	1,268,354	-	4,316	1,264,038	3,880
Series 2015A Bond Premium	867,032	-	211,789	655,243	211,789
Series 2017 Bond Premium	1,933,002	-	106,719	1,826,283	103,654
Total Bonds	179,217,696	3,867,002	11,787,825	171,296,873	12,289,323
Finance Purchase - Direct					
Borrowing	14,102,872	-	710,249	13,392,623	1,190,752
Lease Liability	1,112,742	239,381	582,720	769,403	476,291
SBITA Liability	462,040	304,807	267,645	499,202	273,402
Compensated Absences	1,997,367	3,036,589	-	5,033,956	4,027,120
Total	\$ 196,892,717	\$ 7,447,779	\$ 13,348,439	\$ 190,992,057	\$ 18,256,888
	Water 1777. Comp.				

⁽¹⁾ The beginning balance was restated to reflect the liability for implementation of GASB 96, SBITA.

Liabilities are liquidated by the General Fund for governmental activities, including finance purchases, leases, SBITAs, and compensated absences. General obligation bond liabilities are liquidated through property tax collections as administered by the County Controller's office through the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.

NOTE 10 FINANCE PURCHASE

In April 2015, the District entered into a finance purchase agreement in the amount of \$11,333,731 to finance the construction and installation of solar systems and other energy conservation measures. Interest payments commenced monthly beginning April 25, 2015 and principal and interest payments commenced monthly beginning March 25, 2016 and through February 25, 2033. Interest is calculated at a rate of 3.52%. The debt is secured by the equipment and any proceeds associated with the equipment. Prepayment is allowed at 102% of the principal component of the payment beginning in March 25, 2016 and through the term of the loan.

NOTE 10 FINANCE PURCHASE (CONTINUED)

In June 2018, the District entered into a finance purchase agreement in the amount of \$7,300,000 to finance energy conservation and other Improvements, equipment and fixtures. Principal payments commenced semi-annually beginning June 15, 2019 and each June 15 and December 15, thereafter and through June 15, 2038. Interest is calculated at a rate of 3.75%. Delinquent principal payments include an additional interest rate of 5% per annum. Prepayment is allowed at 102% of the principal component of the payment through the term of the loan.

Total future minimum payments under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal	Interest		Total
2024	\$	785,809	\$ 404,943	\$	1,190,752
2025		866,054	381,005		1,247,059
2026		951,235	354,636		1,305,871
2027		1,041,613	325,686		1,367,299
2028		1,137,464	293,998		1,431,462
2029-2033		5,796,250	959,066		6,755,316
2034-2038		2,814,198	 332,677		3,146,875
Total	\$	13,392,623	\$ 3,052,011	_\$	16,444,634

NOTE 11 LEASE PAYABLE

The District leases various office equipment and vehicles under long-term, noncancellable lease agreements. The latest expiration date of June 2028 and the leases were calculated at interest rates ranging from .25% to .47% based on the length of the lease and the District's incremental cost of borrowing. The leased assets and the related accumulated amortization are detailed in Note 8.

Total future minimum lease payments under the lease agreements are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	476,291	\$	15,744	\$	492,035
2025		164,247		5,409		169,656
2026		48,516		3,565		52,080
2027		50,231		1,849		52,080
2028		30,118		262		30,380
Total	\$	769,403	\$	26,829	\$	796,232

NOTE 12 SUBSCRIPTION PAYABLE

The District has entered into subscription based-information technology arrangements (SBITA) for various instructional and administrative software programs. The SBITA arrangements expire at various dates through June 2026 and were calculated at interest rates ranging from 0.47% to 2.88% based on the Daily Treasury Par Yield Curve Rate as of the SBITA commencement date. The SBITA assets and the related accumulated amortization are detailed in Note 8.

Principal and interest requirements to maturity under SBITA agreements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal		ipal Interest		Total
2024	\$	273,402	\$	5,169	\$	278,571
2025		164,889		1,670		166,559
2026		60,900				60,900
Total	\$	499,191	\$	6,839	\$	506,030

NOTE 13 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Election 1997

On April 8, 1997, \$112,500,000 in general obligation bonds were authorized by an election held within the District. The bonds were authorized to finance the renovation, construction, and modernization of classrooms and school facilities.

Between August 1997 and July 2002, the District issued bonds, Series A - C, totaling \$112,494,996. In February 2011, the District issued a refunding bond to refund portions of Series C. As of June 30, 2016, the 2011 Refunding Bond was liquidated.

Capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of Series A, B and C with maturity dates from August 1, 2009 through 2022, August 1, 2011 through 2023, and August 1, 2015 through 2028, respectively. Prior to the applicable maturity date, each bond will accrue accreted interest on the principal components, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Accreted interest is accrued and included as an addition in the long-term debt schedule.

Measure S - 2013 General Obligation Bonds

On March 5, 2013, \$110,000,000 in general obligation bonds were authorized by an election held within the District. The bonds were authorized to finance the improvement of student safety and security including upgraded fire protection, increased energy efficiency and improved accessibility for students with disabilities.

Between May 2013 and March 2017, the District issued bonds, series 2013, 2015A, and 2017 totaling \$109,997,596.

NOTE 13 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

Measure S – 2013 General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Convertible capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of Series 2013, 2015A, and 2017 with maturity dates from August 1, 2033 through February 1, 2038; August 1, 2031 through August 1, 2034; and August 2031 through August 2032, respectively. These bonds convert to current interest bonds on August 1, 2023 (the conversion date). Prior to the conversion date, each bond will accrue accreted interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the conversion date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Accreted interest is accrued and included as an addition in the long-term debt schedule.

Premium is amortized on the effective interest method over the life of the respective bond.

Refunding Bonds - Series 2020

On October 29, 2020 the District issued \$62,880,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 (Federally Taxable). The bonds were issued to refund a portion of the outstanding Series 2013 Bonds and a portion of the outstanding 2015A Bonds. The bonds were issued as serial and term bonds with interest rates ranging from 0.369% to 2.484%. The bonds matured beginning on August 1, 2021 with final maturity on August 1, 2034. The refunding resulted in economic gain in the amount of \$3,474,856 and debt savings of \$4,226,363.

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the District at June 30, 2023 is:

General Obligation Bonds	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate	Amount of	Outstanding
Election 1997:	15500	iviaturity		Original Issue	June 30, 2023
Series B	8/1/1998	8/1/2023	4.1% - 5.3%	39,996,370	¢ 1.110.022
Accreted Interest	0/1/1990	0/1/2023	4.170 - 3.370	39,990,370	\$ 1,119,932
Series C	7/1/2002	8/1/2027	2.00/ 5.70/	GE 000 930	2,903,432
Accreted Interest	11112002	0/1/2027	3.0% - 5.7%	65,000,839	9,274,478
Measure S:					19,698,834
	E14010040	01110000			
Series 2013	5/16/2013	2/1/2038	2.5% - 5.0%	40,997,990	21,307,990
Accreted Interest					10,169,938
Series 2015A	8/1/2015	8/1/2034	3.0% - 5.0%	34,998,497	3,670,000
Series 2017	3/15/2017	8/1/2032	3.125% - 5.0%	34,001,109	33,516,109
Accreted Interest					3,630,596
Refunding Bonds					, ,,,,,,,,
Series 2020	10/29/2020	8/1/2034	0.369% - 2.484%	62,880,000	62,260,000
Total					167,551,309
Unamortized Bond Premium					3,745,564
Total Bonds Payable					\$ 171,296,873

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

NOTE 13 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

1997 Election

			Accreted	
Year Ending June 30,	Pi	incipal	Interest	Total
2024	\$	3,099,752	\$ 7,405,248	\$ 10,505,000
2025		1,911,945	4,638,055	6,550,000
2026		1,846,804	4,888,196	6,735,000
2027		1,791,082	5,133,918	6,925,000
2028		1,744,827	5,375,173	7,120,000
Total	\$ 1	0,394,410	\$ 27,440,590	\$ 37,835,000

Measure S

		Current	Accreted	
Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,365,000	\$ 1,088,475	\$ =	\$ 2,453,475
2025	2,605,000	3,143,525	-	5,748,525
2026	3,075,000	3,001,525	-	6,076,525
2027	2,430,000	2,863,900	-	5,293,900
2028	2,780,000	2,716,550	-	5,496,550
2029-2033	26,906,109	10,783,137	3,753,891	41,443,137
2034-2038	 19,332,990	 4,544,588	10,822,010	34,699,588
Total	\$ 58,494,099	\$ 28,141,700	\$ 14,575,901	\$ 101,211,700

2020 Refunding

	Current	
Principal	Interest	Total
\$ 100,000	\$ 1,295,402	\$ 1,395,402
1,235,000	1,289,899	2,524,899
1,230,000	1,278,599	2,508,599
2,385,000	1,256,197	3,641,197
2,555,000	1,219,877	3,774,877
43,155,000	3,898,992	47,053,992
11,600,000	293,360	11,893,360
\$ 62,260,000	\$ 10,532,327	\$ 72,792,327
	\$ 100,000 1,235,000 1,230,000 2,385,000 2,555,000 43,155,000 11,600,000	\$ 100,000 \$ 1,295,402 1,235,000 1,289,899 1,230,000 1,278,599 2,385,000 1,256,197 2,555,000 1,219,877 43,155,000 3,898,992 11,600,000 293,360

NOTE 14 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). Certificated employees may retire and receive District-paid contributions towards healthcare upon attainment of age 55 and completion of 15 years or continuous District service. The District pays the single premium for medical coverage for a retiree until age 65, at which time benefits cease.

NOTE 14 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

Classified employees may retire under PERS and receive District-paid statutory minimum benefits under the Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) for their lifetime, with ongoing benefits to their surviving spouses, if any. For classified employees who have attained age 55 and completed 15 years of service at retirement, the District pays a supplement equal to the highest PEMHCA HMO retiree-only premium plus vision coverage until age 65 or for a minimum of 5 years if retirement occurs after age 60. Retirees may then continue coverage under PEMHCA and receive the statutory minimum for their lifetime. Classified employees hired on or after August 1, 2004 are subject to a medical cap of \$3,485. Benefits are prorated for part-time employees based on their full-time equivalency (FTE) at time of retirement.

Management employees may retire and receive District-paid retiree medical, retiree vision, and dependent medical benefits after attainment of age 55 and completion of either 5 years of continuous service in a management, supervisory or confidential position. District-paid benefits continue until age 65 or for a minimum of five years if retirement occurs after age 60.

The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Plan Membership

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2023, the date of the latest actuarial valuation.

Participant Type:	Number of
Participant Type:	<u>Participants</u>
Inactive Participants Currently Receiving Benefits	463
Inactive Participants Entitled to but not yet Receiving	
Benefit Payments	-
Active Employees	1,622
Total	2,085

Funding Policy

The District funds the cost of retiree benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Any contributions toward the unfunded liability are made on a discretionary basis.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District contributed \$268,316 to the plan.

The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2023 was as follows:

		Balance
Net OPEB Liability	Jι	ine 30, 2023
Total OPEB Liability	\$	74,494,162
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,331,805
District's Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	73,162,357

NOTE 14 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Amortization of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the differences between projected and actual return on investments is amortized over a five-year period on a straight-line basis. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from changes in expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions is amortized on a straight-line basis over a range of 7.4 to 9.8 years.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources	of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 3,748,097	\$ 2,027,848		
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	12,106,818	12,259,362		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Return on				
Investments	283,480			
Total	\$ 16,138,395	\$ 14,287,210		

The first year of amortization is recognized in OPEB expense for the year the change occurs. The remaining amount will be recognized to OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amortization_
2024	\$ 1,729,136
2025	1,745,208
2026	1,041,810
2027	448,663
2028	436,974
Thereafter	(3,550,606)
Total	\$ 1,851,185

Investments

The plan's policy for allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the District's agreement with their Investment Manager. It is the policy of the Investment Manager to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of specific asset classes. Assets held in the plan may be invested in accordance with California Government Code Sections 53600 through 53622. The investment policy has a long-term focus. It discourages both major shifts of asset class allocations over a short time span and, except for liquidity purposes, the use of cash equivalents. The Investment Manager has established a target net return of 6%. The Members will periodically review the reasonableness of this target rate with the Investment Manager. The table below summarizes the asset allocation strategic parameters.

	Trust Policy	Trust Holdings
Equity	10% (+/5%)	13.70%
Fixed Income	90% (+/5%)	86.30%
Yield	0%	4.10%
Credit Quality	Min BBB-	A+
Duration Shall not Exceed	7 Years	6 Years

NOTE 14 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>Investments(Continued)</u>

At June 30, 2023, all plan investments were in mutual funds. The plan held no investments in any one organization that represented 5% or more of fiduciary net position.

Investment Valuation

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GASB require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The plan's investments' fair value measurements at June 30, 2023 are presented below:

		Fair Value easurements	
Investment		Cost	 Level 1
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,370	\$ 10,370
Mutual Fund - Equity		71,672	60,405
Mutual Fund - Corporate Bonds		1,240,199	1,074,400
Closed End Funds - Equity		136,908	 186,630
Total	\$	1,459,149	\$ 1,331,805

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The District's net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	3.65%
Health Care Trend Rate	4%

Mortality rates were based on 2020 CalSTRS Mortality tables for Certificated employees, and 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees for Classified employees.

The long-term expected rate of return on the plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by

NOTE 14 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. To achieve the goal set by the investment policy, plan assets will be managed to earn, on a long-term basis, a rate of return equal to or in excess of the target rate of return of 5.0%. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	<u> </u>	Trust Holdings
Equity	10% (+/5%)	13.70%
Fixed Income	90% (+/5%)	86.30%
Yield	0%	4.10%
Credit Quality	Min BBB-	A+
Duration Shall not Exceed	7 Years	6 Years

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.65%. The rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments to the extent that the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be enough to make projected benefit payments and assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return. A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher was used to the extent that those conditions were not met.

Since the most recent valuation, the following changes have been made:

• The discount rate was changed from 3.54% to 3.65%.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)		
			Net OPEB
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Liability (Asset)
	Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 71,183,443	\$ 2,864,209	\$ 68,319,234
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	3,659,840	-	3,659,840
Interest	2,552,197	98,703	2,453,494
Difference Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	-	_	_
Changes in Assumptions	(1,066,496)	_	(1,066,496)
Investment Gains/(Losses)	-	(58,447)	58,447
Employer Contributions*	-	268,316	(268,316)
Benefit Payments*	(1,834,822)	(1,834,822)	_
Administrative Expenses		(6,154)	6,154
Net Changes	3,310,719	(1,532,404)	4,843,123
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 74,494,162	\$ 1,331,805	\$ 73,162,357

^{*} Amount includes implicit subsidy associated with benefits paid.

NOTE 14 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (Continued)

The following presents the District's net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.65% as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.65%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.65%) than the current rate:

	Net OPEB
Sensitivity Discount Rate	Liability (Asset)
1% Decrease (2.65%)	\$ 83,370,711
Current Discount Rate (3.65%)	73,162,357
1% Increase (4.65%)	64,799,009

The following presents the District's net OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate of 4.0%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.0%) than the current rate:

		Net OPEB
Healthcare Trend Rate	Li	ability (Asset)
1% Decrease	\$	62,032,067
Current Healthcare Trend Rate		73,162,357
1% Increase		87,242,252

OPEB Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$7,839,257.

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

As of June 30, 2023, the District's net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the retirement plans are as follows:

		Deferred	Deferred	
	Net Pension	Outflows of	Inflows of	Pension
	Liability	Resources	Resources	Expense
CalSTRS (STRP)	\$ 88,942,080	\$ 20,980,526	\$ 17,458,495	\$ 9,369,452
CalPERS (Schools Pool Plan)	66,271,898	21,275,202	6,398,680	6,751,992
Total	\$ 155,213,978	\$ 42,255,728	\$ 23,857,175	\$ 16,121,444

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

The details of each plan are as follows:

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the state Teachers' Retirement Law.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service. The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes to the STRP Defined Benefit Program and STRP Defined Benefit Supplement Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Provisions and Benefits	STRP Defined Benefit Program and Supplement Program		
Hire Date	On or Before December 31, 2012	On or After January 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service	
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	
Retirement Age	60	62	
Monthly Benefits as a Percentage of			
Eligible Compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%	
Required Employee Contribution Rate	10.25%	10.205%	
Required Employer Contribution Rate	19.10%	19.10%	
Required State Contribution Rate	10.828%	10.828%	

Contributions

Required member, District, and State of California contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented above and the total District contributions were \$15,439,598.

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Ralance

	.lı	une 30, 2023
District Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	88,942,080
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Associated with the District		44,542,454
Total	\$	133,484,534

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.128% which is a decrease of 0.003% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,777,132 and revenue and corresponding expense of \$3,592,320 for contributions provided by the state representing total pension expense of \$9,369,452. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
		 Resources
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	\$ 15,439,598	\$ -
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	72,960	6,668,800
Changes of Assumptions	4,410,880	-
Changes in Proportion	1,057,088	6,440,255
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings		
on Pension Plan Investments	 	4,349,440
Total	\$ 20,980,526	\$ 17,458,495

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five year period on a straight-line basis. All other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of the plan participants. The EARSL for the STRP for the June 30, 2022 measurement date is seven years.

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)</u>

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

The remaining amount will be recognized to pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amortization	
2024	\$	(4,047,250)	
2025		(3,730,485)	
2026		(7,221,354)	
2027		5,469,482	
2028		(1,740,094)	
2029		(647,866)	
Total	\$	(11,917,567)	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	7.10%
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS investment staff and investment consultants and adopted by the CalSTRS Board in January 2020. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	42 %	4.80 %
Real Estate	15	3.60
Private Equity	13	6.30
Fixed Income	12	1.30
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10	1.80
Inflation Sensitive	6	3.30
Cash/Liquidity	. 2	(0.40)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%, which was unchanged from the prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate		Net Pension		
		Liability		
1% Decrease	\$	151,056,640		
Current Discount Rate		88,942,080		
1% Increase		37.368.320		

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the STRP's plan fiduciary net position is available in a separate annual comprehensive financial report on the CalSTRS website. Copies of the CalSTRS annual comprehensive financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS.

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the Schools Pool Plan under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Provisions and Benefits	Schools Pool Plan (CalPERS)		
Hire Date	On or Before December 31, 2012	On or After January 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service	
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	
Retirement Age	55	62	
Monthly Benefits as a Percentage of			
Eligible Compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%	
Required Employee Contribution Rate	7.00%	7.00%	
Required Employer Contribution Rate	25.37%	25.37%	

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as presented above and the total District contributions were \$8,248,365.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$66,271,898. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.1926% which is a decrease of 0.0211% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,751,992. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	\$	8,248,365	\$	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	,	299,510	*	1,648,930
Changes of Assumptions		4,902,418		-
Changes in Proportion		-		4,749,750
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments		7,824,909		-
Total	\$	21,275,202	\$	6,398,680

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five year period on a straight-line basis. All other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of the plan participants. The EARSL for the CalPERS Schools Pool Plan for the June 30, 2022 measurement date is 3.9 years.

The remaining amount will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Ar	nortization
2024	\$	853,730
2025		725,945
2026		277,129
2027		4,771,353
Total	\$	6,628,157

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the Schools Pool Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Experience Study	June 30, 2000 through June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	6.90%
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.30%
Wage Growth	Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS experience study adopted by the CalPERS Board. For purposes of the postretirement mortality rates, those rates include generational mortality improvements using 80% of scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30 %	4.54 %
Global Equity - Non-cap-weighted	12	3.84
Private Equity	13	7.28
Treasury	5	0.27
Mortgage-backed Securities	5	0.50
Investment Grade Corporates	10	1.56
High Yield	5	2.27
Emerging Market Debt	5	2.48
Private Debt	5	3.57
Real Assets	15	3.21
Leverage	(5)	(0.59)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%%, which was a decrease from 7.15% in the prior fiscal year. This rate reflects the long-term expected rate of return for the Schools Pool Plan net of investment expenses and without reduction for administrative expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the Schools Pool Plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	ľ	Net Pension
Discount Rate		Liability
1% Decrease	\$	95,733,112
Current Discount Rate		66,271,898
1% Increase		41,923,287

Changes of Assumptions

During the fiscal year of the measurement date of June 30, 2022, the CalPERS Board adopted new mortality assumptions for the plan. The new mortality table was developed from the 2021 experience study and includes generational mortality improvements using 80% of scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. The inflation assumption is reduced from 2.50% to 2.30%. The discount rate and investment rate of return are reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. Deferred outflows of resources for changes of assumptions represents the unamortized portion of this assumption change.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about CalPERS Schools Pool Plan fiduciary net position is available in a separate annual comprehensive financial report available on the CalPERS website. Copies of the CalPERS annual comprehensive financial report may be obtained from CalPERS.

NOTE 16 ALTERNATE PENSION PLANS

Accumulation Program for Part-Time and Limited Service Employees (APPLE)

Plan Description and Contribution Information

The Accumulation Program for Part-Time and Limited Service Employees (APPLE) is a defined contribution plan qualifying under Section 401(a) and Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The plan covers part-time, seasonal, and temporary employees and employees not covered by Section 3121(b)(7)(F) of the IRC. The benefit provisions and contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the APPLE Administration Committee. Contributions of 7.5% of covered compensation of eligible employees are made by the employee. Employees receive their contributions plus accumulated earnings upon withdrawal.

NOTE 16 ALTERNATE PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contribution by Employee for the Year	\$ 97,866
Contributions by Employer for the Year	\$ -
Pension Expense Recognized by Employer	\$

Total contributions made are 100% of the amount of contributions required for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 17 JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

The District participates in three joint power agreement (JPA) entities: the West San Gabriel Workers' Compensation JPA (WSGWCJPA), the West San Gabriel Liability and Property JPA (WSGLPJPA), and the Alliance of Schools in Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP).

WSGWCJPA provides workers' compensation coverage for its eight member school districts.

WSGLPJPA arranges for and provides property and liability insurance for its ten member school districts.

ASCIP provides the District with vision and dental programs.

Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. Each governing board controls the operations of its JPA independent of any influence by the District beyond the District's representation on the governing boards.

Each JPA is independently accountable for its fiscal matters and maintains their own accounting records. Budgets are not subject to any approval other than that of the respective governing boards. Member districts share surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in the JPA. Separate financial statements for each JPA may be obtained from the respective entity.

The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that neither JPA is a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 17 JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Condensed financial information is as follows:

	WSGWCJPA June 30, 2022	WSGLPJPA June 30, 2022	ASCIP June 30, 2022
JPA Condensed Financial Information	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 23,515,782	\$ 13,747,113	\$ 525,465,531
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	524,000	2,298,924	307,023,691
Net Position	\$ 22,991,782	\$ 11,448,189	\$ 218,441,840
Total Revenues	\$ 8,349,244	\$ 10,128,791	\$ 287,453,568
Total Expenses	(8,061,115)	(9,427,805)	(270,681,932)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(617,394)	(408,798)	(25,050,241)
Change in Net Position	\$ (329,265)	\$ 292,188	\$ (8,278,605)

NOTE 18 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The District is involved in claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the District's financial statements.

State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes, including reimbursement of mandated costs, which are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

Purchase Commitments

As of June 30, 2023, the District was committed under various capital expenditure purchase agreements for construction and modernization projects totaling approximately \$83,628. Projects will be funded through the Building Fund.

NOTE 19 RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

Beginning net position was decreased \$3,602 for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements* to record the impact of recording the subscription asset and corresponding subscription liability. The District adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2022, and has applied the provision of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY COMPARISON FOR THE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgetary Amounts		Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts
REVENUES			
Local Control Funding Formula Sources:			
State Apportionments	\$ 93,678,456	\$ 94,194,164	\$ 94,194,164
Local Sources	59,995,616	67,491,023	67,491,024
Total Local Control Funding Formula Sources	153,674,072	161,685,187	161,685,188
Federal Sources	5,763,978	18,403,615	17,340,692
Other State Sources	22,036,137	53,324,980	53,324,980
Other Local Sources	1,802,781	7,250,973	8,313,897
Total Revenues	183,276,968	240,664,755	240,664,757
EXPENDITURES			
Certificated Salaries	85,259,341	83,508,846	83,508,847
Classified Salaries	33,258,386	30,148,059	30,148,057
Employee Benefits	44,889,016	48,296,419	48,296,423
Books and Supplies	5,119,003	5,951,161	5,951,161
Services and Other Operating Expenditures	24,337,190	35,248,218	35,210,851
Capital Outlay	428,455	1,086,424	1,391,231
Other Outgo	912,573	1,251,241	1,251,241
Direct Support - Indirect Cost	(551,861)	(543,120)	(543,120)
Debt Service	1,614,444	1,632,325	1,909,074
Total Expenditures	195,266,547	206,579,573	207,123,765
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	S (11,989,579)	34,085,182	33,540,992
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from SBITAs		_	304,807
Proceeds from Leases	-	-	239,381
Interfund Transfers Out		159,821	(159,821)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	159,821	384,367
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (11,989,579)	\$ 34,245,003	33,925,359
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			37,701,786
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$ 71,627,145

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

CalSTRS - STRP	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Measurement Date	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	0.128%	0.131%	0.136%	0.137%	0.134%
District's Proportionate Share of the NPL	\$ 88,942,080	\$ 59,615,480	\$131,796,240	\$123,732,920	\$123,155,380
State's Proportionate Share of the NPL Associated with the District	44,542,454	29,996,822	67,505,113	70,512,560	73,859,624
Total	\$133,484,534	\$ 89,612,302	\$199,301,353	\$194,245,480	\$197,015,004
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 79,146,000	\$ 73,047,000	\$ 77,210,000	\$ 75,200,000	\$ 73,600,000
District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	112%	82%	171%	165%	167%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	81%	87%	72%	73%	71%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Measurement Date	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	
District's Proportion of the NPL	0.135%	0.140%	0.136%	0.131%	
District's Proportionate Share of the NPL State's Proportionate Share of the NPL	\$124,848,000	\$113,233,400	\$ 91,560,640	\$ 76,552,470	
Associated with the District	73,859,624	64,471,245	48,425,355	46,226,151	
Total	\$198,707,624	\$177,704,645	\$139,985,995	\$122,778,621	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 73,600,000	\$ 67,800,000	\$ 64,300,000	\$ 56,000,000	
District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	170%	167%	142%	137%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	69%	70%	74%	77%	

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

CalPERS - Schools Pool Plan	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Measurement Period	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	0.1926%	0.2137%	0.2143%	0.2191%	0.2198%
District's Proportionate Share of the NPL	\$ 66,271,898	\$ 43,454,681	\$ 65,753,832	\$ 63,855,055	\$ 58,605,600
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 33,316,000	\$ 30,570,000	\$ 31,285,000	\$ 30,700,000	\$ 28,900,000
District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	199%	142%	210%	208%	203%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70%	81%	70%	70%	71%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Measurement Period	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	
District's Proportion of the NPL	0.2183%	0.2159%	0.2166%	0.2172%	
District's Proportionate Share of the NPL	\$ 52,113,972	\$ 42,640,384	\$ 31,927,054	\$ 24,657,488	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 28,600,000	\$ 26,100,000	\$ 24,200,000	\$ 21,300,000	
District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	182%	163%	132%	116%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	72%	74%	79%	83%	

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

CalSTRS - STRP	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 15,439,598	\$ \$ 13,391,533	\$ 11,797,073	\$ 13,202,547	\$ 12,240,467
Contractually Required Contribution	15,439,598	13,391,533	11,797,073	13,202,547	12,240,467
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 80,835,000	\$ 79,146,000	\$ 73,047,000	\$ 77,210,000	\$ 75,200,000
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%	17.10%	16.28%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 10,619,489	9,259,795	\$ 7,279,029	\$ 5,708,080	
Contractually Required Contribution	10,619,489	9,259,795	7,279,029	5,708,080	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 73,600,000	\$ 73,600,000	\$ 67,800,000	\$ 64,300,000	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%	

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

CalPERS - Schools Pool Plan	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 8,248,365	\$ 7,632,681	\$ 6,328,053	\$ 6,169,553	\$ 5,553,146
Contractually Required Contribution	8,248,365	7,632,681	6,328,053	6,169,553	5,553,146
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 32,513,000	\$ 33,316,000	\$ 30,570,000	\$ 31,285,000	\$ 30,700,000
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	25.37%	22.91%	20.70%	19.72%	18.06%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 4,487,272	\$ 3,969,039	\$ 3,089,291	\$ 2,874,389	
Contractually Required Contribution	4,487,272	3,969,039	3,089,291	2,874,389	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 28,900,000	\$ 28,600,000	\$ 26,100,000	\$ 24,200,000	
Contributions as a Percentage					

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

Total OPEB Liability		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Service Cost Interest Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	↔	3,659,840	⇔	4,237,319 1,732,827 2,382,848	↔	4,086,126 1,671,505 156,686	⇔	2,512,624 1,923,092 3,116,336	↔	2,439,441 1,928,343 (6,252,533)	↔	1,355,260 2,508,707	↔	1,315,786 2,360,547 -
Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments*	ļ	(1,834,822)		(2,149,555)		(2,033,251)		(1,687,738)		(1,578,458)		(1,462,800)		(958,527)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		3,310,719		(7,996,127)		4,306,831		18,104,938		11,834,102		2,401,167		2,717,806
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		71,183,443		79,179,570		74,872,739		56,767,801		44,933,699		42,532,532		39,814,726
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	es	74,494,162	↔	71,183,443	€	79,179,570	es	74,872,739	↔	56,767,801	မ	44,933,699	€	42,532,532
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	Ì	2018		2017
Contributions - Employer* Net Investment Income (Loss) Benefit Payments* Administrative Expense	€	268,316 40,256 (1,834,822) (6,154)	↔	1,222,201 (337,764) (2,149,555) (6,166)	↔	503,251 376,164 (2,033,251) (5,000)	€	297,738 415,076 (1,687,738) (9,017)	↔	220,489 446,181 (1,578,458) (5,371)	↔	1,363,850 8 93,836 (1,462,800) (8,086)	€	1,913,143 188,955 (958,527) (7,802)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(1,532,404)		(1,271,284)		(1,158,836)		(983,941)		(917,159)		(13,200)		1,135,769
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		2,864,209		4,135,493		5,294,329		6,278,270		7,195,429		7,208,629		6,072,860
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	မာ	1,331,805	€9	2,864,209	69	4,135,493	·Ω	5,294,329	↔	6,278,270	€	7,195,429	69	7,208,629
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	€	73,162,357	69	68,319,234	€9	75,044,077	↔	69,578,410	es l	50,489,531	€9	37,738,270	69	35,323,903
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		1.79%		4.02%		5.22%		7.07%		11.06%		16.01%		16.95%
Covered Payroll	↔	120,760,527	€	117,815,149	€9	114,941,608	€9	111,865,312	↔	108,871,350	↔	105,700,340	\$	108,080,227
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		60.58%		92.99%	_	65.29%		62.20%		46.38%		35.70%	ro e	32.68%

^{*} Amount includes implicit subsidy associated with benefits paid.

Note: Accounting standards require presentation of 10 years of information. However, the information in the schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule as future data becomes available.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

OPEB Contributions	2023 *	ĺ	20	2022 *		2021 *	i	* 2020	i		2019		2018		2017	
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) Contributions in Relation to the ADC	€9	- 1	∨		" I	6	- 1	€	- 1	↔	3,280,900	↔	3,295,674	↔	3,082,097	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	es	'	€	•	.∥		ij	€9	-	es	3,060,411	8	1,931,824	S	1,168,954	
District's Covered Payroll	↔	ı	\$			49	ı	↔	ı	\$ 10	\$ 108,871,350	↔	\$ 105,700,340 \$ 105,700,340	↔	105,700,340	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	n/a		-	n/a		n/a		n/a		O	0.20%		1.29%		1.81%	

* An Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) was not calculated for years subsequent to 2019.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS MONEY-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	1.64%	-10.73%	7.45%	4.50%	7.45%	2.70%	2.96%

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison for the General

A budgetary comparison is presented for the general fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. This schedule presents the budget as originally adopted, the revised budget as of the fiscal year-end, actual amounts at fiscal year-end, and any adjustments needed to present the amounts in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

<u>Schedules of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CalSTRS (STRP) and CalPERS (Schools Pool Plan)</u>

The schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the state's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

Benefit changes - None

Changes of Assumptions:

2021-22

CalPERS Board adopted new mortality assumptions and new mortality tables for the plan. Assumption for inflation rate was reduced from 2.50% to 2.30%. A new discount rate was applied decreasing the rate from 7.15% to 6.90%.

2019-20

CalSTRS Board adopted a new experience study which updated assumptions for termination rates and service rates.

2018-19

CalPERS Board adopted new mortality assumptions for the plan. Assumption for inflation rate was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%. Assumption for individual salary increases and overall payroll growth was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

2017-18

CalSTRS Board adopted new mortality assumptions and new mortality tables for the plan. Assumption for inflation rate was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%. Assumption for payroll growth was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

CalPERS applied a new discount rate decreasing the rate from 7.65% to 7.15%.

2015-16

CalPERS applied a new discount rate increasing the rate from 7.50% to 7.65%.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)

Schedules of District Contributions - CalSTRS (STRP) and CalPERS (Schools Pool Plan)

The schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

The schedule is intended to show trends about the changes in the District's actuarially determined liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions.

Benefit Changes - None.

Changes in Assumptions:

2022-23

The discount rate was changed from 3.54% to 3.65%

2021-22

The discount rate was changed from 2.16% to 3.54%

2020-21

The discount rate was changed from 2.20% to 2.16%.

2019-20

The discount rate was changed from 3.36% to 2.20%. The healthcare trend rate was changed from 4.90% to 4.00%. Assumed rates of retirement, termination, and mortality have been updated to align with those currently being used by the statewide pension system.

2018-19

The discount rate was changed from 6.00% to 3.36%. The healthcare trend rate was changed from 6.00% decreasing to 5.00% to 4.90%.

2017-18

The discount rate was changed from 3.13% to 3.62%.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)

Schedule of Postemployment Healthcare Benefits Employer Contributions

The schedule is intended to show trends about the amounts contributed in relation to the actuarially determined contribution.

Benefit Changes: None

Changes in Assumptions:

2018-2019

The discount rate was changed from 6.00% to 3.91%

Mortality rates were based on 2020 CalSTRS Mortality tables for Certificated employees, and 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees for Classified employees.

<u>Schedule of Postemployment Healthcare Benefits Money-Weighted Rate of Return on Plan Assets</u>

The schedule is intended to show trends about the rate of return on plan assets.

NOTE 2 EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Excesses of expenditures over appropriations, by major object accounts, occurred in the General Fund as follows:

Object Account	Δ	mount
Capital Outlay	\$	962,776
Debt Service		294.630

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The District was established on July 1, 1936, and is comprised of an area of approximately 17.1 square miles located in Los Angeles County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the year. The District operates eleven elementary schools, three middle schools, two comprehensive high schools, one adult school, one continuation high school, a special education school, and 11 children's centers.

The Board of Education and the District Administrators for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

BOARD OF EDUCATION

	Office	Term Expires
Mr. Steve Ferguson	President	December 2024
Dr. Emily Weisberg	Vice President	December 2024
Dr. Armond Aghakhanian	Clerk	December 2024
Ms. Charlene Tabet	Member	December 2026
Ms. Abby Pontzer Kamkar	Member	December 2026

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Dr. John Paramo, Ed.D. Supe

Superintendent

Ms. Cindy Quiterio

Executive Assistant to the Superintendent and Board of Education

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The requirements governing ADA, admission of pupils, types of schools, recording and reporting of pupil attendance, and similar matters are controlled by provisions of the Education Code and by regulations of the California Department of Education.

ADA statistics reported to the state for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Second Period Certificate #	Annual Certificate #
	D07BEE2D	C5CC5431
Grades Transitional Kindergarten Through Third:		
Regular ADA	3,685.62	3,715.18
Extended Year Special Education	13.17	13.17
Special Education - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	2.57	2.61
Total Grades Transitional Kindergarten Through Third ADA	3,701.36	3,730.96
Grades Four Through Six:		
Regular ADA	2,906.62	2,917.47
Extended Year Special Education	5.19	5.19
Special Education - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	2.15	2.58
Total Grades Four Through Six ADA	2,913.96	2,925.24
Grades Seven and Eight:		
Regular ADA	2,022.45	2,028.97
Extended Year Special Education	3.59	3.59
Special Education - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	4.06	5.16
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian schools	0.11	0.11
Community Day School	1.43	1.70
Total Grades Seven and Eight ADA	2,031.64	2,039.53
Grades Nine Through Twelve:		
Regular ADA	4,733.25	4,741.38
Extended Year Special Education	, 11.78	11.78
Special Education - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	20.50	20.45
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian schools	1.10	1.13
Community Day School	20.77	19.84
Total Grades Nine Through Twelve ADA	4,787.40	4,794.58
Total ADA	13,434.36	13,490.31

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Grade Level	Minutes Requirement	Minutes Offered	Days Offered Traditional	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	37,670	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	51,118	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	51,118	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	51,118	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,001	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,001	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	60,188	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	60,188	180	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	60,188	180	In Compliance
Grade 9	64,800	65,046	180	In Compliance
Grade 10	64,800	65,046	180	In Compliance
Grade 11	64,800	65,046	180	In Compliance
Grade 12	64,800	65,046	180	In Compliance

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
United States Department of Agriculture				
Pass-Through Program From California Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:	40.550	40505	4 75.540	•
Child Nutrition Program - Basic Breakfast	10.553	13525	\$ 75,519	\$ -
Child Nutrition Program - Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	741,435	-
Child Nutrition Program - Lunch	10.555	13396	1,859,191	-
Child Nutrition Program - Commodities Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	13396	354,133	
Child Nutrition: Child and Adult Care Food Program	10 550	12202	3,030,278	-
Total Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13393	32,300	-
Total United States Department of Agriculture			32,300	
United States Department of Education Pass-Through Program From Foothill-SELPA Special Education Cluster:				
Special Ed: ARP IDEA Part B, Sec. 611, Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	15638	616,800	-
Special Ed: ARP IDEA Part B, Sec. 611, Local Assistance Private School ISPs	84.027	10169	6,745	-
Special Ed: ARP IDEA Part B, Sec. 619, Preschool Grants	84.173	15639	55,421	-
IDEA: Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611 (Formerly 94-142)	84.027	13379	2,905,929	-
IDEA: Local Private Schools	84.027	10115	36,037	-
IDEA: Mental Health Services, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	15197	172,241	-
IDEA: We Can Work	84.027	01110	173,431	_
Subtotal: Assistance Listing #84.027			3,966,604	_
IDEA: Preschool Grants	84.173	13430	61,290	-
IDEA: Preschool Staff Development	84.173	13431	840	
Total Special Education Cluster			4,028,734	-
Pass-Through Programs From the California Department of Education Education Stabilization Fund (ESF): COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emparage (ESEERII)	04 4050	. 45547	075 500	
School Emergency Relief (ESSERII)	84.425D	15517	975,566	-
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER III)	94 43ED	45550	4 497 067	
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary	84.425D	15559	1,187,967	-
School Emergency Relief (ESSER III Learning Loss)	84.425U	10155	2,519,431	
COVID -19 - Expanded Learning Opportunities (ESSER II State Reserve)	84.425D	15618	1,427,310	-
COVID -19 -Expanded Learning Opportunities (GEER II)	84.425C	15619	92,311	_
COVIND-19 - Expanded Learning Opportunities (ESSER III)	04.4200	10013	02,011	
State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425U	15621	976,839	_
ASES ESSER III State Reserve Summer Learning Program	84.425D	15652	255,000	
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP	01.1205	10002	200,000	_
HCY II)	84.425U	15566	12,271	
Subtotal: Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			7,446,695	-
Title III, Language Acquisition Grants:				
Title III, Limited English Proficiency	84.365	15146	198,229	-
Title III, Immigrant Education	84.365	14346	18,045	_
Total Title III, Language Acquisition Grants			216,274	-
Adult Education Basic Grants to States:				
Adult Basic Education & ELA	84.002	14508	185,780	-
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education, Section 231	84.002	13978	82,605	-
English Literacy and Civics Education	84.002	14109	37,855	
Total Adult Education Basic Grants to States			306,240	-

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
Pass-Through Programs From the California Department of Education				
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14239	\$ 1,848,825	\$ -
Title I, School Improvement Funding	84.010	15438	361,322	-
Subtotal: Assistance Listing #84.010			2,210,147	
Title II, Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	14341	330,930	- ,
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	101,298	_
Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary, Section 131	84.048	14894	84,898	_
Total United States Department of Education			14,725,216	-
United States Department of Health and Human Services				
Pass-Through Program From California Department of Education:				
Child Development - Federal Child Care Cluster:				
Child Development - Federal Child Care	93.596	13609	130,333	-
COVID-19 - Child Development - ARP One-Time Stipend	93.575	15640	14,174	
Total Child Development - Federal Child Care Cluster			144,507	-
Total United States Department of Health and Human Services			144,507	-
United States Department of Homeland Security				
Pass-Through Program From California Department of Education:				
FEMA Public Assistance Grant	97.036	10014	2,921,716	_
Total United States Department of Homeland Security			2,921,716	
Total Federal Programs Expenditures			\$ 20,854,017	\$ -
Reconciliation to Federal Revenue				
Total Federal Program Expenditures			\$ 20,854,017	\$ -
Revenues in Excess (Deficiency) of Expenditures Related to Federal Entitlements:				
Child Care and Development from CA Department of Social Services	93.575	10163	92,984	_
Child Development: Federal General Child Care and Dev (CCTR)	93.596	13609	49,133	-
Child Development - ARP One-Time Stipend	93.575	15640	7,200	-
Child Nutrition: Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13393	(842)	_
Total Federal Program Revenue			\$ 21,002,492	\$ -

The District is the recipient of a federal program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements. The District was granted \$354,133 of commodities under the National School Lunch Program (Assistance Listing #10.555).

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2024			
	(Budgeted)	2023	2022	2021
Total Revenues	\$ 207,482,180	\$ 240,664,757	\$ 211,977,851	\$ 189,896,240
Total Expenditures	229,382,543	207,123,765	204,517,468	174,378,151
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(422,919)	384,367	(545,425)	(1,077,674)
Change in Fund Balance	(22,323,282)	33,925,359	6,914,958	14,440,415
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 49,303,863	\$ 71,627,145	\$ 37,701,786	\$ 30,786,828
Available Reserve	\$ 13,788,328	\$ 12,404,364	\$ 12,303,774	\$ 13,013,723
Available Reserve %	6%	6%	6%	7%
ADA - P2	13,434	13,434	13,266	14,733
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 172,735,169	\$ 190,992,057	\$ 367,820,072	\$ 479,150,821

Available reserves are those amounts reserved for economic uncertainty and any other remaining unassigned fund balance from the General Fund.

The 2024 budget is the original budget adopted by the Board of Education on June 15, 2023.

For a District this size, the state recommends 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out and other uses. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District has met this requirement.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The District is not the granting agency for	r any Charter Schools.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

There were no differences between the fund balances reported on the June 30, 2023 Annual Financial and Budget Report for the governmental funds and the audited financial statements.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the Education Code.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal governmental for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance for all awards. Under these principles, certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District did not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting requires that this schedule be prepared showing financial trends of the general fund over the past three fiscal years as well as the current year budget. This schedule is intended to identify if the District faces potential fiscal problems and if they have met the recommended available reserve percentages.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)

Schedule of Charter Schools

2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting requires that this schedule list all charter schools chartered by the District and inform the users whether or not the charter school information is included in the District's financial statements.

<u>Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements</u>

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported on the annual Financial and Budget Report form to the audited financial statements.

OPTIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Student Activity	Adult Education	C Devel	Child Development	Cafeteria	Maj	Deferred Maintenance	Building	D	Capital Facilities	Bond Interest and Redemption Find	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>.</u>
ASSETS		5			5				3	2			ı
Cash in County Treasury	У	\$ 4,743,522	↔	9,216	1,815,116	↔	478,732	\$ 5,33	5,334,740	\$ 6,602,061	\$ 14,616,803	\$ 33,600,190	_
Cash on Hand and in Banks	1,586,608	•		2,563	ı		1		,	10,787	1	1,599,958	
Cash Collections Awaiting Deposit	1	•		ı	1,607,191		•		ı	•	1	1,607,191	
Accounts Receivable	•	206,021	~	804,079	855,007		4,977	4,	53,686	203,750	ı	2,127,520	_
Stores	•	•		1	22,314		•		1	•	ı	22,314	
Prepaid Items	1	1		1	4,179	į	ı		'		1	4,179	_1
Total Assets	\$ 1,586,608	\$ 4,949,543	<i>↔</i>	815,858	\$ 4,303,807	€	483,709	\$ 5,38	5,388,426	\$ 6,816,598	\$ 14,616,803	\$ 38,961,352	11
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES	,					•				€	€		
Accounts Payable Unearned Revenue	ı ı	\$ 453,641	₩	324,442 6,793	\$ 69,416 187,101	≶		.	190,764	. · ⊹	· · ·	\$ 1,038,253 193,894	
Total Liabilities	1	453,641		331,235	256,517			16	190,764	•	1	1,232,157	١.
FUND BALANCES					96 402						,	26 403	
Nonspendable Restricted	1.586.608	2.056.568	7	484.623	4.006.629		483,709	5,16	5,197,662	6,816,598	ı	20,632,397	
Assigned		2,439,334		1	14,168						14,616,803	17,070,305	
Unassigned	1	ı		'	1		'		·			1	. 1
Total Fund Balances	1,586,608	4,495,902		484,623	4,047,290		483,709	5,18	5,197,662	6,816,598	14,616,803	37,729,195	. 1
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,586,608	\$ 4,949,543	هه	815,858	\$ 4,303,807	↔	483,709	\$ 5,38	5,388,426	\$ 6,816,598	\$ 14,616,803	\$ 38,961,352	п

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Student Activity	Adult Education	Child Development	Cafeteria	Deferred Maintenance	Building	Capital Facilities	Bond Interest and Redemption	Total Nonmajor Governmental
PEVENIES	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Federal Sources	↔	\$ 306,240	\$ 325,282	\$ 3,030,278	•	ı У	\$	· У	\$ 3,661,800
Other State Sources		4,334,343	956,985	4,456,078	1	i	Ī	43,778	9,791,184
Other Local Sources	542,750	267,449	2,721,894	274,182	15,504	224,981	1,209,452	15,651,900	20,908,112
Total Revenues	542,750	4,908,032	4,004,161	7,760,538	15,504	224,981	1,209,452	15,695,678	34,361,096
EXPENDITURES									
Instruction	•	3,105,119	2,811,640	1	1	1	•	1	5,916,759
Instruction-Related Services	ľ	1,141,128	525,813	1	1	1	1	i	1,666,941
Pupil Services	769,206	215,175	93,736	4,875,909	ı	ı	1	İ	5,954,026
General Administration	1	216,864	181,259	144,995	•	1	1	Ĩ	543,118
Plant Services	1	317,111	223,824	92,399	147,753	1,179,606	41,375	ı	2,002,068
Debt Service	1	•	1		•	1	1	13,883,515	13,883,515
Total Expenditures	769,206	4,995,397	3,836,272	5,113,303	147,753	1,179,606	41,375	13,883,515	29,966,427
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(226,456)	(87.365)	167 889	2 647 235	(132,249)	(954.625)	1.168.077	1,812,163	4.394,669
	(555,150)	(200, 10)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									000
Interfund Transfers In	-	-	159,821	1	1	ı	I	1	128,821
Total Other Financing Sources	1	1	159,821		1		-	ı	159,821
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(226,456)	(87,365)	327,710	2,647,235	(132,249)	(954,625)	1,168,077	1,812,163	4,554,490
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,813,064	4,583,267	156,913	1,400,055	615,958	6,152,287	5,648,521	12,804,640	33,174,705
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,586,608	\$ 4,495,902	\$ 484,623	\$ 4,047,290	\$ 483,709	\$ 5,197,662	\$ 6,816,598	\$ 14,616,803	\$ 37,729,195

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO OPTIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Combining Fund Financial Statements

Combining fund balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance have been presented for the nonmajor funds to provide additional information to the users of these financial statements. These statements have been prepared using the basis of accounting described in the notes to the financial statements.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Burbank Unified School District Burbank, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Burbank Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California December 1, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM, AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Burbank Unified School District Burbank, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Burbank Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Education Burbank Unified School District

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California December 1, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Education Burbank Unified School District Burbank, California

Report on State Compliance Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited the Burbank Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements applicable to the District described in the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's applicable state compliance requirements are identified in the table below.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the state compliance requirements as identified in the table provided below. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for State Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Description	Procedures Performed
Local Education Agencies Other than Charter Schools:	
A. Attendance	Yes
B. Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
C. Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
D. Independent Study	Yes
E. Continuation Education	Yes
F. Instructional Time	Yes
G. Instructional Materials	Yes
H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
I. Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
J. Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
K. GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
L. School Accountability Report Card	Yes
M. Juvenile Court School	Not Applicable
N. Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
P. Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
S. District of Choice	Not Applicable
T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
TT. Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
U. After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
UU. Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes
V. Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
X. Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Y. Independent Study-Course Based	Yes
Z. Immunizations	Yes
AZ. Educator Effectiveness	Yes
BZ. Expanded Learning Opportunity Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
CZ. Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
EZ. Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Charter Schools:	
AA. Attendance	No ¹
BB.Mode of Instruction	No ¹
CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study	No ¹
DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction	No ¹
EE. Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based	No ¹
FF. Charter School Facility Grant Program	No ¹

¹ Testing for Charter Schools was done by each school's respective auditor. ²Testing is not applicable as the District did not participate in the program.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel, and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-002. Our opinion on each state program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-002, to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Board of Education Burbank Unified School District

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California December 1, 2023 FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results				
Financial Statements				
1. Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>			
2. Internal control over financial reporting:				
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yesx no			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	x yes none reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesx no			
Federal Awards				
1. Internal control over major federal programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	yesxno			
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	yes <u>x</u> none reported			
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>			
 Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? 	yesxno			
Identification of Major Federal Programs				
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U 10.553, 10.555	COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Child Nutrition Cluster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	x yes no			

All audit findings must be identified as one or more of the following categories:

Five Digit Code	Finding Types	
10000	Attendance	
20000	Inventory of Equipment	
30000	Internal Control	
40000	State Compliance	
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs	
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	
50000	Federal Compliance	
60000	Miscellaneous	
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries	
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan	
70000	Instructional Materials	
71000	Teacher Misassignments	
72000	School Accountability Report Card	
Section II – Financial Statement Findings		

2023-001 Internal Control: Bank Reconciliations

30000

Criteria: Proper internal control includes timely reconciliation of bank accounts.

Condition: The District's bank accounts were not appropriately reconciled in a timely manner. June 2023 reconciliations were performed in November 2023.

Effect: Accounting errors or potential fraud may not be identified in a timely manner.

Cause: There were staffing shortages and/or turnover in accounting department personnel.

Repeat Finding: No

Recommendation: Procedures related to the reconciliation process should be performed. Cross training employees and/or documenting responsibilities of specific functions and key responsibilities should be available to ensure that tasks are followed even in the absence of key personnel.

Corrective Action Plan: The Financial Services Department has set up a process to timely deposit and reconcile bank statements for the Revolving, Clearing, and Adult Education accounts. One staff member will collect and make the deposits to the County. Three staff members will respectively reconcile the Revolving, Clearing, and Adult Education bank statements. Training is in process and deposits will be made to the County on a timely basis going forward.

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Programs

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Section IV – Findings and Questioned Costs – State Awards

2023-002 After/Before School Education and Safety Program

40000

Criteria: California Education Code 8483(a)(2) states that it is the intent of the Legislature that pupils participate in the full day of the program every day during which pupils participate, except as allowed by the early release policy.

Condition: The district utilizes two methods to document student early release, a daily sign-in/sign-out sheet or an early release form. Parents are required to either indicate the allowable condition when signing out the pupil or are required to complete an early release request form in advance. If a student is going to be absent, the parent is expected to communicate to the ASES Site Coordinator via note or phone call prior to the absence. During our testing, it was noted the District did not have early release documentation for 6 students and absence documentation for 1 student for the 50 student days that were sampled.

Effect: The District was not able to support that early release or absence was consistent with the District's established policy.

Cause: The District struggled with parents completing the necessary documentation for early releases and absences at the two sites tested and there was not a process in place to track or follow up with parents to ensure this was obtained.

Questioned Costs and Units: Not applicable as funding is not determined based on attendance.

Repeat Finding: Yes, Prior year Finding 2022-001

Recommendation: The District should adopt and design procedures and controls to ensure the appropriate early release and absence documentation is retained.

Corrective Action Plan:

- 1) Site staff will be retrained on the absence and accountability procedures so that each absence is appropriately documented by the school staff, including the parent component of reporting absences.
- 2) ASES Parent Handbook will be reviewed so that the absence steps are clear for parents.

2022-001 After/Before School Education and Safety Program

40000

Criteria: California Education Code 8483(a)(2) states that it is the intent of the Legislature that pupils participate in the full day of the program every day during which pupils participate, except as allowed by the early release policy.

Condition: The district utilizes two methods to document student early release, a daily sign-in/sign-out sheet or an early release form. Parents are required to either indicate the allowable condition when signing out the pupil or are required to complete an early release request form in advance. During our testing, it was noted the District did not have early release documentation for 43 out of the 99 early release student days that were sampled. In addition, at one site, 4 out of 125 attendance days tested had differences in reported absences between the manual sign-in/sign-out sheets and the attendance register.

Effect: The District was not able to support that early release was consistent with the established early release policy. In addition, the differences in reported absences between manual sign-in/sign-out sheets result in errors in reporting the number of students served to the California Department of Education.

Cause: The District struggled with parents completing the necessary documentation for early release at one of the two sites tested and there was not a process in place to track or follow up with parents to ensure this was obtained.

Questioned Costs and Units: Not applicable as funding is not determined based on attendance.

Recommendation: The District should adopt and design procedures and controls to ensure the appropriate early release documentation is retained. In addition design a procedure to review attendance data transferred from manual records to the attendance software for accuracy.

Current Status: Not implemented refer to 2023-002.





To the Board of Education
The Citizens' Oversight Committee
Burbank Unified School District

Dear Board of Education and Citizens' Oversight Committee Members:

We have audited the financial statements of the Measure S Bond Building Fund of the Burbank Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2023. We have previously communicated to you information about our responsibilities under auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit in our engagement agreement dated June 14, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant audit findings or issues

Qualitative aspects of accounting practices

Accounting Policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in Note 1 to the bond fund financial statements.

No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

We noted no transactions entered into by the entity during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no accounting estimates affecting the financial statements which were particularly sensitive or required substantial judgments by management.

Financial statement disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There were no particularly sensitive financial statement disclosures.

Burbank Unified School District Page 2

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent and clear.

Difficulties encountered in performing the audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Uncorrected misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management did not identify and we did not notify them of any uncorrected financial statement misstatements.

Corrected misstatements

Management did not identify and we did not notify them of any financial statement misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures.

Disagreements with management

For purposes of this communication, a disagreement with management is a disagreement on a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. No such disagreements arose during our audit.

Management Representations

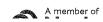
We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 1, 2023.

Management consultations with other independent accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Significant issues discussed with management prior to engagement

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to engagement as the entity's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our engagement.



Burbank Unified School District Page 3

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and members of the Citizens' Oversight Committee and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California December 1, 2023

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

PROPOSITION 39 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS
BOND BUILDING FUND
MEASURE S
FINANCIAL AND PERFORMANCE AUDITS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



CPAs | CONSULTANTS | WEALTH ADVISORS

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CONCLUSION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Measure S Citizens' Oversight Committee Burbank Unified School District Burbank, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinion*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Measure S Bond Building Fund of the Burbank Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Measure S Bond Building Fund of the District as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Measure S Bond Building Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2023 or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Board of Education Measure S Citizens' Oversight Committee Burbank Unified School District

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Education
Measure S Citizens' Oversight Committee
Burbank Unified School District

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over the Measure S Bond Building Fund financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over the Measure S Bond Building Fund financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over the Measure S Bond Building Fund financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California December 1, 2023

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MEASURE S BOND BUILDING FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS

Cash in County Treasury Accounts Receivable	\$ 5,334,740 53,686
Total Assets	<u>\$ 5,388,426</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total Liabilities	\$ 190,764 190,764
FUND BALANCE Restricted Total Fund Balance	5,197,662 5,197,662
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	_\$5,388,426_

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MEASURE S BOND BUILDING FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

REVENUES		
Interest and Investment Income	\$	224,981
Total Revenues		224,981
EXPENDITURES		
Salaries		16,495
Benefits		7,566
Supplies		(36,842)
Other Services		107,569
Capital Outlay		1,084,818
Total Expenditures		1,179,606
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures		(954,625)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		6,152,287
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	_\$_	5,197,662

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MEASURE S BOND BUILDING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and Audits of State and Local Governmental Units issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial statements include only the Measure S Bond Building Fund of the District used to account for Measure S projects. This fund was established to account for the expenditures of the general obligation bonds issued under the General Obligation Bonds Election of 2012. These financial statements are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Fund Structure

The statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balance is a statement of financial activities of the Measure S Bond Building Fund related to the current reporting period. Fund expenditures frequently include amounts for land, buildings, equipment, retirement of indebtedness, transfers to other funds, etc. Consequently, these statements do not purport to present the result of operations or the net income or loss for the period as would a statement of income for a profit-type organization.

Basis of Accounting

The Measure S Bond Building Fund is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. As such, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, which is to say, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred (when goods are received, or services rendered).

Cash in the county treasury is recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts can be spent. Amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation are considered restricted. The fund balance of the Measure S Bond Building Fund is therefore classified as restricted.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MEASURE S BOND BUILDING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets and long-term liabilities associated with the Measure S Bond Building Fund are determined by its measurement focus. The Measure S Bond Building Fund is accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Thus, the capital assets and long-term liabilities associated with the Measure S Bond Building Fund are accounted for in the basic financial statements of the District.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS - CASH IN COUNTY TREASURY

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all its cash in the Los Angeles County Treasury as part of the common investment pool. The District is considered an involuntary participant in the investment pool. These pooled funds are recorded at amortized cost which approximates fair value. Fair value of the pooled investments at June 30, 2023 is measured at 95.17% of amortized cost. The District's deposits in the fund are highly liquid.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Sections 53601, 53635, 53534 and 53648. The county is restricted to invest time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized. The county investment pool is not required to be rated. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county investment pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) nor is it an SEC Rule 2a7-like pool. California Government Code statues and the County Board of Supervisors set forth the various investment policies that the Country Treasurer follow. The method used to determine the value of the participant's equity withdrawn is based on the book value, which is amortized cost, of the participant's percentage participation on the date of such withdrawals.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MEASURE S BOND BUILDING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS – CASH IN COUNTY TREASURY (CONTINUED)

The pool sponsor's annual financial report may be obtained from the Los Angeles County Public Affairs Office, Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration, 500 W. Temple St, Room 358, Los Angeles, California 90012.

NOTE 3 PURCHASE COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2023, the District was committed under various capital expenditure purchase agreements for Measure S bond projects totaling approximately \$83,628.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Measure S Citizens' Oversight Committee Burbank Unified School District Burbank, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Measure S Bond Building Fund of the Burbank Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Measure S bond Building Fund of the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Board of Education
Measure S Citizens' Oversight Committee
Burbank Unified School District

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements of the Measure S Bond Building Fund are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California December 1, 2023

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MEASURE S BOND BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

There were no findings related to the financial audit of the Measure S Bond Building Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023. In addition, there were no findings related to the financial audit of the Measure S Bond Building Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON PROPOSITION 39 COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

Board of Education Measure S Citizens' Oversight Committee Burbank Unified School District Burbank, California

We have conducted a performance audit of the Burbank Unified School District (the District) Measure S bond funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

We conducted our performance audit in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

Our audit was limited to the objectives listed on page 13 of this report which includes determining the District's compliance with the performance requirements for the Proposition 39 Measure S bond funds under the applicable provisions of Section 1(b)(3)(C) of Article XIIIA of the California Constitution. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements.

Solely to assist us in planning and performing our performance audit, we obtained an understanding of the internal control of the District to determine if internal controls were adequate to help ensure the District's compliance with the requirements of Proposition 39, as specified by Section 1(b)(3)(C) of Article XIIIA of the California Constitution. Accordingly, we do not express any assurance on internal controls.

The results of our tests indicated that, in all significant respects, the District expended Measure S bond funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, only for the specific projects developed by the District's Board of Education, and approved by the voters, in accordance with the requirements of Proposition 39, as specified by Section 1(b)(3)(C) of Article XIIIA of the California Constitution.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

ton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California December 1, 2023

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PERFORMANCE AUDIT OF MEASURE S YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

In November 2000, the voters of the state of California approved Proposition 39 authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds by California public school districts and community colleges under certain circumstances and subject to certain conditions.

On March 5, 2013, a general obligation bond proposition (Measure S) of the District was approved by the voters of that District. Measure S authorized the District to issue up to \$110,000,000 of general obligation bonds to finance various capital projects and related costs, as specified in the bond measure provisions.

Pursuant to the requirements of Proposition 39, and related state legislation, the Board of Education of the District established a Citizens' Oversight Committee and appointed its members. The principal purpose of the Citizens' Oversight Committee, as set out in state law, is to inform the public as to the expenditures of the proceeds of the bonds issued pursuant to the Measure S bond authorization. The Citizens' Oversight Committee is required to issue at least one report annually as to its activities and findings.

Section 1(b)(3)(C) of Article XIIIA of the California Constitution requires the District to conduct an annual independent performance audit to ensure that the proceeds of the bonds deposited into the Measure S Bond Building Fund have been expended only for the authorized bond projects.

OBJECTIVES

The objectives of our performance audit were to:

- Determine the expenditures charged to the District Measure S Bond Building Fund.
- Determine whether expenditures charged to the Measure S Bond Building Fund have been made in accordance with the bond project list approved by the voters through the approval of Measure S in March 2013.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT

The scope of our performance audit covered the fiscal period from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023. The propriety of expenditures for capital projects and maintenance projects funded through other state or local funding sources, other than the proceeds of the bonds, were not included within the scope of our audit. Expenditures incurred subsequent to June 30, 2023, were not reviewed or included within the scope of our audit or in this report.

BURBANK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PERFORMANCE AUDIT OF MEASURE S YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PROCEDURES PERFORMED

- We identified the expenditures and projects charged to the general obligation bond proceeds by obtaining the general ledger and project listing.
- We selected a judgmental sample of expenditures considering all object codes and projects for the year ended June 30, 2023. Our sample included 22 transactions totaling \$861,132. This represents 75% of total expenditures of \$1,179,606, excluding salaries and benefits, of \$24,061.
- We reviewed the invoices and supporting documentation to determine that expenditures charged to projects were:
 - Supported by invoices with evidence of proper approval and documentation of receipt of goods or services;
 - Supported by proper bid documentation, as applicable;
 - Properly expended on the authorized bond projects as listed on the voter-approved bond project list.
- We tested salaries and benefits of \$24,061.
 - We obtained the Allocation of Personnel Costs and reconciled salaries and benefits to the expenditures recorded to the general ledger. For those personnel allocated at less than 100%, we obtained monthly time studies to verify the percentage charged to bond funds was supported. We obtained the Personnel Transaction request forms to determine that the individuals were approved and assigned to perform work associated with the authorized bond projects as allowable per Opinion 04-110 issued on November 9, 2004 by the State of California Attorney General.

CONCLUSION

The results of our tests indicated that, in all significant respects, the District has properly accounted for the expenditures of the funds held in the Measure S Bond Building Fund and that such expenditures were made on authorized bond projects.

